MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 1, 1860. NUMBER 91.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

T. D. JERMAIN ..... H. H. BRIGHTMAN.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 1, 1860.

To the Public.

THE SENTINEL, having doubled the circulation in the city, and more than trebled OUT OF IT, of any other paper here, renders it for all the cheapest and most desirable medium in Milwaukee for all classes of Advertisements.

Every Business Man who consults his own interest, will avail himself of the columns of THE DAILY SENTINEL—especially when he can do so at the same prices charged by other papers, and secure more than double the advantage of circulation.

This is no boast, but every word TRUE.

To Mail Subscribers.

THE FIGURES on the Printed Address indicate the time to which you have paid. For instance: 28 April, means paid to the 28th of April, 1861. Subscribers will please examine these labels, as by doing so they will be always posted, and, if they wish to, can renew before the time to which they have paid expires, or detect any error we may make in giving credit, and have the same rectified at once.

We stop all subscriptions when the time paid for runs out—and no paper is sent unless the money accompanies the order.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN.

For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page.

News Digest.

The steamship *North Briton* with foreign advices of the 19th has arrived. The recent fight between HEENAN and SAYERS was the all-absorbing topic of conversation in England. ORTEGA, the instigator of the recent insurrection in Spain, has been shot.

A terrible conflagration occurred in the Valley of the Trinidad, on the 19th inst., which swept everything in its course for a distance of *eighteen miles!* The loss in the sugar product alone is estimated at 8,000 hdds. The entire loss by the fire will reach $1,500,000.

A THREATENED BOLT.—The correspondents of the N. Y. *Herald*, Cincinnati *Gazette* and other papers, telegraph from Charleston, under date of April 27th, that *one hundred and twelve* Southern members of the Convention had pledged themselves in caucus to each other, never to vote for DOUGLAS in any event If this be so, it renders his nomination and election alike impossible.

TELEGRAPH LINE FROM LA CROSSE TO ST PAUL.—The St. Paul *Pioneer*, of April 29, announces, on the authority of the contractor, that the telegraph line from La Crosse to St. Paul will be completed and in operation by the first day of August next.

Kentucky Republican State Convention.

The Convention resumed its session Thursday morning at 10 A. M., and at once proceeded to business, adopting a platform and appointing delegates to the Chicago Convention from such districts as had not at home selected their representatives.

Dr. Whittemore, from the Committee on Business, reported:

Delegates for the State at Large.—George D. Blakely, of Russellville, Logan County; Charles Hendley, of Newport, Campbell Co.; D. W. Gallagher, Penn Valley, Oldham Co.; A. A. Burton, Lancaster, Garrard Co.

District Delegates.—1st—R. E. Nichols, Andrew Hawes.

2d—John H. Rawlings, Robert D. Cook.

3d.—Joseph Glazebrook, Joseph W. Calvert.

4th—A. R. McDee, Clemmin Smith.

5th—Lewis M. Dembitz, H. D. Hawes.

6th—H. B. Broadus, L. Marston.

7th—D. Rice Bullock, Chas. Thister.

Senatorial Electors.—Dr. Wm. Thelkeld; P. G. Hawes, assistant; A. A. Burton, Granville, C. West, assistant.

The chair then announced the State Central Committee as follows:

Edgar Needham, Bland Ballard, H. H. Merriwether, H. W. Hawes, H. J. Otis, Frederick Frisbie, John J. Hawes, Theo. Wehle, of Louisville.

G. D. Blakey, of Russellville.

Dr. Curtis Knight, of Kingston, Madison County.

Br. J. R. Whittemore, of Newport.

John Rymell, of Scaffoldsane, Rockcastle County.

Morgan Fanbus, of McKee, Jackson Co.

Wm. Johnson, of London, Laurel Co.

H. S. Pooch, of Somerset, Pulaski Co.

The resolutions adopted cover the entire Republican ground. The closing one is in the following words:

Finally, reposing confidence in the intelligence, patriotism and integrity of the Republican party, we assume its name, to adhere to it through good and evil report, in prosperity and in adversity, unless it prove false to its promises of usefulness, and disappoint our just expectations.

REPUBLICANS IN VIRGINIA.—The Wheeling *Intelligencer* contains a call over the signature of some 800 bona fide substantial citizens, to meet in the city of Wheeling next Wednesday, May 23, to appoint delegates to Chicago. The Panhandle has no interest, and very little sympathy with the pro-slavery dynasty that rule Virginia with an iron rod. Her sympathies are, as they ought to be, with those whose policy it is to elevate the free laboring men of the North. Success to their efforts. Corwin and Frank Blair have consented to address the Convention. There will be an audience of thousands to hear them. The pro-slavery party is no longer able to snub or intimidate the Republicans of Wheeling.

CITY INDEBTEDNESS.—Whilst the city indebtedness, unprovided for to the 1st of April, is reported at over $400,000, it is due to the facts of the case to state that this is the acknowledged debt. There is a large sum in litigation, and this may amount to perhaps $100,000 more.

Nothing but the utmost economy can carry our city through the present crisis.

Orders bearing ten per cent. interest are to be issued as soon as the form thereof can be arranged, and the necessary printing done.—*Chicago Democrat of yesterday.*

THE DANE CAVALRY.—This elegant company, under command of Capt. Orton, have been on parade to-day, making a splendid appearance and attracting universal admiration. At four o'clock this afternoon, Harry Bingham, that prince of good fellows, invited the company to partake of refreshments at his house, which was accepted. The refreshments were excellent, and a better feeling set of fellows we have not seen in many a day, than were the Cavalry boys on this occasion. Harry was elected an honorary member of the company for life, and he is sure to live a long time if good feeling can lengthen life.—*Madison Journal, Saturday.*

ANOTHER OCCULTATION.—In addition to the other affairs of the kind during the past week, we have now to chronicle the occultation of the Charleston gathering. It has been completely overshadowed and lost sight of, in consequence of the more important news of "the great international mill." We have a detailed and graphic account of the manner in which HEENAN was "punished" and how SAYERS' "pins" were knocked from under him, but not a word respecting the blows given and received in the ring at Charleston.—*Madison Journal.*

IT IS SAID of Julien that, shortly before his death, he entered his house armed with a large knife, "Come here said he to his adopted child, a girl about eighteen years old, "I am going to let you hear the angels sing." He was going to cut her throat. She had presence of mind enough to reply:—"Willingly—but before I go let me hear you play on the flageolet, that I may compare your music and theirs." Julien thought the idea excellent, and went to get his flageolet—while he was gone the child called the servants, the unhappy madman was secured and carried to the private mad-house, where he died a few days afterward.

DIED ON THE CARS.—A woman died on the train which arrived from Toledo this forenoon. She was a Mrs. Sarah Robinson, about fifty years of age, and was on her way from Wisconsin to Akron. A gentleman who was traveling in charge of her, stated she was far gone in consumption, and was on her way home to die. The body was placed in a coffin by Mr. Howland, and will be taken to Akron this evening.—*Cleveland Herald, April 27.*

THE CITY.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
10:15 A. M.	1:15 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
3:15 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	9:30 A. M.
8:15 A. M.	Mixed train to Kenosha.	

MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA.

1:45 A. M.	9:30 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

10:45 A. M.	11:45 A. M.	9:30 A. M.
4:00 P. M.	3:00 A. M.	3:15 P. M.
11:00 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	9:00 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & HORICON.

1:15 A. M.	9:30 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.

4:15 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	9:30 P. M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

8:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	
4:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	

Departure of Steamers.

FOR COLLINGWOOD.

The Collingwood Line of screw steamers leave—one each day—from Dousman's dock, foot of East Water Street, connecting at Collingwood with cars from the East.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations, leave the different transportation docks every day, for Buffalo.

FOR PORT WASHINGTON, &C.

The steamer *Gazelle* leaves Olmsted's dock, every morning at 9 o'clock, for Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR GREEN BAY.

The screw steamer *Agenta* makes weekly trips to the above port, starting from Olmsted's dock.

Sentinel for the Country.

On and after to-day, the SENTINEL will reach our readers along the line of the railroads as early as it can be had by our readers in the city. We shall issue a first edition for the benefit of subscribers and persons living on the Milwaukee and Minnesota R. R, who will obtain their papers by mail ahead of all other morning sheets.

Subscribers on the line of the Mississippi R. R. will be able, through Messrs. BAMFORD & BALDWIN'S news boys and agents on the trains, to obtain the SENTINEL at an early hour in the morning.

MORE IMPROVEMENTS.—A splendid structure is to be commenced at once on the corner of West Water and Spring streets, by HARVEY BURCHARD. From the plans and drawings, we readily concede that it will be one of the very finest buildings in town. It is to be 100 by 85 feet, with iron front on the first story, and will cost at least $20,000 — This structure will be sub-divided into seven large stores—four on Spring and three on West Water streets—above which will be numerous suits of offices, and in the third story will be a splendid hall 58x82 feet large, and 35 feet high, profusely enriched with cornices and centre pieces, and having an ample gallery at the north end. Connected with the hall will be a smoking room, ladies' and room 26x56, and a spacious kitchen. Two gentlemen's dressing rooms, a large supper large entrances—one on Spring and the other on West Water streets—will lead up to the hall, and the arrangement of the ante-rooms will be such as to procure the greatest comfort and convenience.

E. T. MIX is the architect and superintendent of this building.

J. VAN DYKE is about erecting a block of 5 brick stores on N E. corner Ferry and S. Water sts., on Walker's Point, which will be superior to anything in that neighborhood. In this block will be finished off a handsome Odd Fellow's Hall. The cost of the buildings will be about $10,000.

CHAPIN has already commenced the erection of two first class stores on West Water street, to be four stories high, and to be finished by the 1st of September, which will cost $8,000. E. T. MIX is the architect and superintendent.

FIRE.—About eleven o'clock Sunday night a fire broke out in the barn attached to the Police Station on Main street. Strenuous efforts were made to save the building but being of wood and its contents all combustible—it was burned to the ground. The windows in the back part of the station were burned and broken, but otherwise the main building is uninjured. There can be no doubt of this having been the work of an incendiary. The probable loss is $200 or $300. No insurance.

WOMAN FOUND IN THE RIVER.—The body of a woman, apparently about twenty-five years of age, was yesterday morning found floating in the river near the Cherry street bridge and conveyed to the Station House, to await identification. The body is evidently that of a German woman. It is neatly dressed, and the underclothes are marked with the initials "C. L." No evidence of violence could be discovered by the physicians, and the supposition is that she came to her death by drowning accidentally.

ADVANTAGE OF A CISTERN.—At the fire Sunday night, Engine Company, No. 1, located on Main street, nearly opposite the Police Station, took suction from the cistern under their house; got a stream on the flames within a few minutes after the alarm was given, and kept the fire in check until lines were formed from the river. But for this cistern the fire would have obtained such headway before any water could have been got from the river, that one or two of the brick buildings on Main and Mason streets must have been badly damaged, if not destroyed.

THE WISCONSIN "BONNER" DODGE.—The *Wisconsin* seems quite tickled with its success in selling the public, Saturday afternoon by issuing a "first edition," containing half of the prize fight and referring the reader, for "further particulars, to the second edition. It says that the newsboys made a good thing out of it, and that "the public were satisfied." We heard a good many of the said "public" denounce the operation as an unmitigated swindle.

MYSTERIOUS.—Our English correspondent who was noted for his articles on SAYERS and who posted us all on the English love of fair play which was inherent, &c., &c., has not been seen since the news by the *Vanderbilt* arrived. If any one should see him, let him be told for us, that we think less of the English SAYERS than we do of the American DOBBS.

GAS FIXTURES.—M. M. LEAHY in Wisconsin street (Young's Block) has a very large and superior stock of gas fixtures at New York prices. His store room is on the second floor, East entrance, rooms 1 and 2. Give him a call and examine his stock.

FRESH PEACHES.—Some very nice Fresh Peaches put up by WELLS and PROVOST, New York, in hermetically sealed cans, may be had at S. F. KNIGHT'S Family Supply Store, on Wisconsin street, basement of the Baptist Church. Try them.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—The regular monthly meeting of this Association will be held in their Room this (Tuesday) evening at 7 1-2 o'clock, when an essay will be read by one of the members, to be followde, as usual, by a discussion.

PERSONAL.—Mr. BARTON W. SPEARS, formerly of the Chicago *Press* has become associated as a partner with the Chicago *Daily Counsel*.

ACCIDENT.—JOHN ZIMMERMAN was yesterday thrown from a vehicle in East Water street and injured considerably.

Classicality for the Month.

NUMA POMPILIUS interfered with the month also. He was very solicitous in regard to the months generally, and shook them up and sorted them out pretty much to please himself. It is somewhat singular that the old Roman should take so much trouble with time, considering how little time ever did for him.

Well, POMPILIUS made May the fifth month. What his motive was, is now unknown to learned archeologists and local editors; but we presume that May treated him and his family as it treats Buffalo—very cooly—and he took this method of retaliating. There is also a small possibility of Mrs. POMPILIUS having to move on this occasion, though had this been the cause of the old fellow's action in regard to the month, we cannot see why he did not strike it out altogether, instead of merely changing it from the third to the fifth.

As none of the Encyclopedias have ever been able to determine whether May received its name from ROMULUS in honor of the *majores* or was christened in honor of MAIA, the mother of Mercury—we take this opportunity of forever settling the question, by saying that neither are right and although we cannot say what is, it will undoubtedly be regarded is quite as learned on our part that we deny the whole matter. Authors are not expected to advance theories now-a-days, if they deny a thing in good stout terms, they will—it is to be hoped—be more popular than they could ever become by proving anything. Therefore we deny every thing.

The ancient Romans used to go in procession to the Grotto of Egeria on May-day where there was a slack rope performance, and the Romans who were the happiest people in the world never ceased *smiling* until they returned to the city again in single file. As this was before the time of GAMBRINUS or MELMS, it is hardly to be supposed that the grotto was visited with the same object that influences people now-a-days to visit grottoes and gardens It is rather to be presumed that their households being up-side-down and their respective ladies packing up crockery, &c., and that they took this pleasant method of escaping from the city until everything returned to its natural quietude.

From the word May are derived the terms *mania maniac*, &c., and those persons who have an annual propensity to move are termed mono-maniacs.

BUNKER BOYS.—It is surprising to some people, who read every few days of the arrest of a group of young thieves, known as "Bunker boys," that the stock is not all diminished. When it is known that their arrest and imprisonment seldom extends over a month or two, the thing becomes clear The bunker boys think no more of an arrest, or a sentence, than they would of any other disagreeable but transient obstruction offered to their fun. There is one thing that will alone meet the case of the bunker boys, and that is a house of correction. As it is, they infest our alleys, and even our public streets, and commit their depredations with impunity.

On Sunday evening, a squad of these young rascals were arrested for breaking into J. W HOYT'S liquor store; and yesterday morning another squad was hauled up, making the otherwise gloomy cells at the Station House unusually populous. They will be examined this morning.

For some time past one of the engine houses has been infested with these youngstors, who make a practise of entering it and sleeping there every night. Recent developments make it appear that all these boys had keys to the engine house—where they got them is too difficult a question to be solved outside of a Justice's Court.

ANNUAL ELECTION OF THE MUSICAL SOCIETY.—The annual election of President, Directors, &c., takes place in the Milwaukee Musical Society to day. From all we can learn, an unusually exciting ballot is expected. We give place to the following electioneering squib to show the sport, which is animating the opposition:

The attention of the American members of our Musical Society is respectfully, but most urgently called to the fact, that the annual election of the officers of that Association will take place to day, (the first day of May) in the evening, at 8 o'clock, in the Hall of the Society, over BEST'S Beer Hall, on Market Square. It is very desirable that the Americans should take a little hold of the business affairs of that Association, so as not to leave them any longer under the exclusive control of a certain clique, who consider themselves now the absolute rulers of the Society.

A NUMBER OF THE MUSICAL SOCIETY.

LE BRUN BILLIARD SALOON.—Messrs. CRUMBEY and LE BRUN will open their new Billiard Saloon in YOUNG'S new and elegant Block, in the course of the present week.—The appartment is a spacious one, some 55 feet square, with grained arch ceiling; well lighted, both front and rear and furnished with six of PHELAN'S celebrated tables.—There are three entrances to the Billiard Room: the one from Main street leading through the bar room, which will be provided with files of New York, New Orleans, Cincinnati, Milwaukee and other daily papers. Messrs. CRUMBEY and LE BRUN will spare no pains to please their friends and patrons, in their new quarters.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—To-night introduces a new actor to our Milwaukee public; Mr. T. L. CONNER, late of the St. Louis and Cincinnati theatres. Mr. CONNER brings with him a high reputation and appears this evening, as "Claude Melnotte," in the favorite play of "the Lady of Lyons." Miss EMMA WEBB sustains the part of "Pauline," in which she is said to excel; and Miss ADA, that of "Madame Deschappelles." The other parts are well cast, and no doubt the performance will be a success. The afterpiece is "the Maid with the Milking Pail," in which Miss ADA made a decided hit, last week. Seats can be secured between 12 and 2 o'clock to-day,

IMPROVEMENT IN RAILROAD CONNECTIONS.—A very complete arrangement has been affected by which the Milwaukee and Chicago trains connect with the Minnesota cars with less than an hour's dela. The Milwaukee and Minnesota train arrives here at 9:30 connecting with the Chicago Express train, which leaves at 10:15, and the M. & M. train that comes in 2.35 P. M. connects with the M. & C. train that leaves at 3:15. This is a decided improvement. The connection between La Crosse and the Great Eastern Route via the Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad is now complete.

SABBATH SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.—At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Sabbath School Association, held last Saturday evening, it was decided to hold the Anniversary meeting of the children connected with the different Sabbath Schools, on May 13th. Upon canvassing the number of children, it was found that all could not be seated in one church, when it was decided to hold the gathering in the Plymouth Congregational and First Presbyterian churches, at the same hour, and that the exercises in both churches be the same.

Published April 28, 1860,
CHAPTER 358.

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "an act to define, confirm and legalize the acts of a fish inspector in the city of Milwaukee."

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section two, of the act entitled "an act to define, confirm and legalize the acts of a fish inspector in the city of Milwaukee," approved March 17, 1859, is hereby amended by adding thereto at the end thereof the following words: any owner, agent or consignee of any fresh water fish, or any other person, who shall sell, or offer for sale in the city of Milwaukee, any fresh water fish in barrels, half barrels, quarter barrels or other packages, without having such fish first inspected by the fish inspector of the said city of Milwaukee, or one of his assistants, duly appointed and qualified, as hereinafter provided, shall forfeit and pay a fine not less than ten dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, for each and every such offence, besides the costs of prosecution, such fine to be sued for and collected in the same manner as fines are sued for and collected under the ordinances of said city.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

WM. P. LYON,
Speaker of the Assembly.
BUTLER G. NOBLE,
Lieut. Gov. and President of the Senate.
Approved March 31, 1860.
ALEX. W. RANDALL.

MUNICIPAL COURT, APRIL 30.—Luther Huntsley, vagrancy; penalty and costs $13, 06, or 20 days in jail. Committed.

M. ——, disorderly; penalty and costs $6. Paid.

Jacob Polaski, drunk; penalty and costs $2,86. Paid.

A. —— and Chas. ——, shooting in city limits; penalty and costs $3,86. Paid.

Bernard Fox, assault and battery; fined $5 and costs, and to stand committed till paid. Paid.

Johanna O'Neil, larceny of a dress. Sent to county jail for 10 days.

PERSONAL.—Ex-Gov. WASHINGTON HUNT, of New York, returned to this city Saturday night, from a brief business visit to Madison, La Crosse and Prairie du Chien. He was to leave for the East yesterday.

EXTRAORDINARY FURNITURE SALE AT AUCTION.—J. ROONEY commences the great Auction Sale of the fine Furniture of Mrs. ANN'S fashionable Boarding House, VAN CORT'S building, next to Young's Block, Main street, Wednesday morning, May 2nd, at 10 o'clock, where may be found marble-top, rose wood, mahogany, black walnut and cherry furniture in setts; beds and bedding, French gilt mirrors, oil paintings, mantle clocks and vases, carpets in great abundance, floor oil cloths, cook and parlor stoves, cut glass, china and crockery ware, damask curtains and hangings, with every thing usually kept in a first class Boarding House. Front seats reserved for the ladies. 12t

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—The "Mill on the Floss," by the author of "Adam Bede," published by HARPER & BRO.; "Marble Faun," by Hawthorne; "Woman," by Michelet; "Biblical Reason Why;" "Our Farm of Four Acres and the Money we made by it;" Eclectic Magazine for May; Godey's Magazine for May; Athaetic for May; Harper for May; Wilkes, containing the report of the prize fight, will be in at 10:30 this morning; also "Bell's Life" at 1:15. Call early and get copies.

oct27 1858d1y W. E. TUNIS & CO'S.

ROAD WARRANTS,

JUST PRINTED, with Overseer's Return attached, at this Office. Orders from the country promptly attended to. Address JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN, Publishers of Milwaukee Sentinel.

ap27d,1w4w1m

EDWARD P. ALLIS,
LAND AND LOAN AGENT
OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK,
ON EAST WATER STREET.

REUNION.

MINER & FARIES have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Office No. 21 Wisconsin Street. G. B. MINER, R. J. FARIES.

Milwaukee Feb. 15th, 1860. feb13 217d&f

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph

Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
mylsd&7dtf-1stpp A. WELLER, Agent.

DOCT. HALL says broiled meats only are healthy; fried meats will give a dog dyspepsia; yet how many people are there who do not know the difference. Many object to broiled meats on account of the trouble and smoke, and we are free to admit the old way of broiling meats is a nuisance.

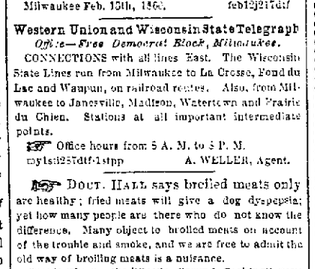
People who use the "Battle Ground Cooking" stove say smoke is unknown and the trouble nothing.

The Hot Closet and Hot Water Reservoir make them still more desirable, and the thousands who are now using them all testify that the saving of wood will pay for the stove in two winters.

For sale at 89 & 91 East Water street.
ap18 508d1w L. BONNELL.

BARRY'S TRICOPHEROUS is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies try it. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers.
mar14 427d3m

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURNISHED, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block.
Jan21 283d1y



AN APERIENT AND STOMACHIC preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical authorities in this and the United States, and prescribed in their practice in the experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and sickly countenance, debility and nervous irritability in almost every conceivable case. Innocuous in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved itself absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Menstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaint, Chronic Diarrhœa, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In Cases of General Debility, as the result of acute disease or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative will be successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids no long be ashamed to have recourse to it in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world, as if just returned from a lengthened sojourn in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated to the appearance of mere walking skeletons, exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which no physician has no name.

In the young Affections of all kinds and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron is more prompt than that of any other, unlike the old oxides it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and overheating, and gently regulates by sustaining even the natural state of the cases of costiveness, without ever being a gastric purgative, or inducing a diarrhœa action.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for Piles, upon which it operates to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In Dyspepsia, when there are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant Costiveness.

In unchecked Diarrhœa, even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed Consumption, and especially in Chronic Diarrhœa, the effects have been equally decided and astonishing.

In local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate Incipient Consumptio , this remedy has a full chain of friends and experiments, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In Scrofulous Tuberculosis, this medicated iron has had far more than the usual effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of Iodine, without any of their well-known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases, in every form, of Debility, Nervousness and Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been unrivalled, having in several cases alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In Intermittent Fevers it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West will probably be one of uninterrupted usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; for sale by Druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

H. B. LOCKE & CO., General Agents,
apr25 363d1w&eweowly 359 Broadway, N. Y.

To-Day's Advertisements.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING IN THE POST-OFFICE at Milwaukee, May 1, 1860.

LADIES' LIST.

AMPTAGE Mrs Agnes
Adams Mrs Clement J
BELL MRS J
Ball Mrs M A
Bates Miss Ino
Baker Mrs M J
Bates Miss Mar
Barrett J
Bradley Mrs Fred
Baker Miss Hannah
Bowen Serachrite
Brown Mrs Hattie A
Booker Sythann
Brown Mrs Henry
Brown Mrs Stanton
CAMPBELL
Mrs Nancy
Cady Miss Eliza
Cantrell Mrs Rhoda
Carroll Mrs Mary A
Carter Miss Lo-
Cady Mrs Jno
Carney Mrs Ann
Clary Mrs Isabell
Church Miss Susan E
Clayton Mrs M
Clark Miss Martha
Clapp Ellen A
Chingman Mrs S
Chamberlain Mrs Orrin J
Cook Miss Hattie
Cory Mrs Eliza O
Colwell Mrs Mary N
Coleman Cecelia
Coleman Mattie
Conrad Mrs H M
Conklin Sarah
Colmes Jas
Coles Mrs
Colson Mrs H
Collamer Ira
Cole Rivbd
Cleary M
Crocker Wm H
Cross Mr, Owen st
Cummings Georgia
Cushman David
Cutler Watson
COLE J
Dowe J U
Davis Chas S
Delong Thos
Delahanty Andw
Dewar Henry
Dewey Thos
Dowghten Wm
Dreher Jno
Dorsey Thos
Donnithan & Co J
Drew Jno
EMERSON
Dr Geo
Eckhart Geo P
Emerson G B
Edmundson Jno
Ellis C S
FACE P C
Farley Jno
Fischer Wm
Fitzgerald Jno
Ford Jno J
Fogg Thos
Forsyth R B
Ford Mrs
Frost A A
Fuller J S
Freeman A D
Fullerton Wm
Fergus Jas
Ferguson Mrs Mary
Fisher Miss Caroline
Foley Bridget
Grimshaw Wm
Grant Jos
Gallen Ed
HANES WM
Hay Geo
Hastings Jas
Hanover Louis 2
Hackley Geo
Hastings Jno
Hanson Jas
Haney Jas
Hawks Amos Jr
Hawks Wm Jr
Harrington Jno
Harstman Jno
Henning W A
Hendelson W W
Heard H D 2
Hewitt Jas
Herrick C L
Hewitt J
Herbert Jno C
Hickman Henry J
Hughes J F
Hoole Jno P
Hunt W
Horrigan Jno
Howard Jno M
Horton H S
Holmes Thos
Holliday Jesse
Hofmann F
Hounson Chas
Horn J
Henderson Jno
Hughes Wm
Huntington Carr
Hunter W
Hurst Mr
Hunt G W 1
JOYCE JAS
Jones Seth C
Jackson Jno
Jennings Isaac
Jewett E
Johnson Jas
Johnson W S
KENYON WM
Kerry Jno
Kenosha H C
Kiely Pat
LARGE W
Lamb Jas P
Larsen S F
Lobbrook Chas
Lawrence Francis
Lee & Osgood
Leegard Jno
Lynes Jas
Lynch Chas
Lynch Thos
Long Austin G
Love Wm
MATSELL
Henry B
Maher A
Mansfield Wm H
Massen N
Marshall Dept Wm G
Martin Jas
Mitchell H
Miller Jno
Miner G T
Mahoney Timothy
Miles Alex
Monroe Jas
Mellor Jno
Merrs Michl
Morse Niles
Moran Henry E
Mooney Jno A
Mahoney Capt
Michl
McCabe Pat
McKeon Alex
McCabe Datus
McDermott Chas
McMahon Pat
McWorther C
McNaughton Jno
McKay Wm
NEIMAN
Geo W
Nolton Wm
Noble J W
Noyes Jas F
Norton I W
Noyes Geo D
Noyes Jno
OCUT J W
O'Neal Brian
O'Donnell Jno
O'Connell Wm
O'Neil Jno
O'Neil Henry
Oaks Wm H
Osgood Wm
Owen Almond
O'Conner Eug'ne
Osmond Jas
O'Brien E
PECK H A
Palmer Isaac
Peters Homer Jas
Person Patty & Co
Paige Frank
Parsons J B
Pease J C
Piper Chas L 2
Pinserton Jno 2
Pritchard Owen
Pomeroy Chas
Porter E S
Pound Jno
Pomroy Chas
Pond Adolphus
Peart L H
Putney Moses
QUINLAN
Chas
REDFIELD
RAM
Reading Beer Patk
Read Capt E H
Reynolds Francis
Reed J
Read Wm H Jr
Rice Jas P 3
Ripley Saml
Riley Micht
Rogers Geo
Rounds W 2
Robinson R E
Rothe Edw
Rich Wm
Rose Hiram
Rowan Geo W
Rowan Jas
SCANDLEN
Phillip
Smith M B
Scully Jas
Severance Abe
Severance Wm
Shaw John B 3
Sherlock T T
Shirley Lewis
Skinner E & Son
Singer Alex Jr
Smithard C H
Spires Dr G
Stewart G
Stewart G A
Stevenson Jno
Stone Jas
Smith Jas R
Smith I S
Smith D F 2
Smith Andw
Smith Jas H
TABERT
Jno
Tallman P
Thompson T & G
Thompson Jno
Thompson Chas
Thompson W H
Thomas Wm
Tr ydan H
Thorn Jas
Tyrrell Wm Capt
Thurston Chas
Tin Chas
Tisdale Nace
Tilton J Jno
Torrey Abraham
Tobin Thos
Tetchell E R
VANDYKE
Owen
Vanse Edw
Van Dusen & Co
Van Vechten A D
WATSON
J W
Wheeler Richd
Walter Jno
Wallace Jas E
Wallace F M 2
Welsh Jno
Walker J D
Wake Capt Jno
Walter Geo
Wate D
Warner J C
Weston & Keazer
Wellington H A
Wight Almond H
Weber Capt Lawrence
Whipple Sylvester
Whelan Thos
Whitall Jas
Wicker G G & Co
Wicker Wm Chas
Wilkes E Z
Wilson & Co
Wilbur H D
Woodruff J W
Wood J B
Wood Morgan L
Wood Wm H
Williams Benj
Williams Wm M
Williams Ebenezer
YOUNG
Chas
INITIALS.
Principal Collinet
Ed Compass of Life
Manufacturer or burner of bones for animal charcoal
Tont, Esq., commissioner of the Arcade

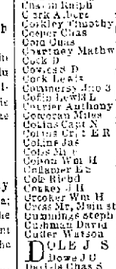
Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "They are Advertised."

Office open from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M.

M STEEVER, Postmaster.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

THREE OR FOUR GOOD MACHINISTS
Apply at Bay State Foundry and Machine Shop.
ap25 392d3t WM. GOODNOW, Agent.



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Camphene, Camphene!!
BURNING FLUID,
ALCOHOL,
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At Wholesale.

Also, a complete assortment of
COAL OIL LAMPS,
BOTH ROUND AND FLAT WICK
At as Low prices as can be obtained in Eastern markets.

Patton & Williams,
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No. 1 Reed Block, West Water st.
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Samuel F. Knight's
EXCELSIOR GROCERY STORE.
COR. WISCONSIN & MILWAUKEE STS.

UNDER THE BAPTIST CHURCH, IS filled with the choicest Groceries in the City. I have just received from the East a large and fresh assortment of the choicest

Teas, Coffees, Raisins, Figs, &c.,

And have renewed my stock of
CAN FRUITS,
PRESERVES,
PICKLES,
JELLIES, &C.

And would call particular attention to my
HERMETICALLY SEALED GOODS,
Especially
FRESH PEACHES.

These have been highly spoken of by all who have tried them, and I buy them on terms that enables me to sell cheaper than one else in the City.

I have also a good assortment of
WOODEN & WILLOW WARE,
And in fact, a full assortment of
FAMILY SUPPLIES.
CALL ON ME AND SAVE 5 PER CENT.
On your purchases.

Goods delivered promptly free of charge.

DON'T FORGET.
UNDER THE BAPTIST CHURCH
Wisconsin Street.
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TO LET.

THE NORTH HALF OF THE NEW THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, with all modern conveniences, in perfect order and with ample grounds, on Tenth street, Fourth Ward. Inquire of
O. N. BONESTEEL.
my1 463d1w

Amusements.

ACADEMY of MUSIC.

IMMENSE ATTRACTION.

CROWDED HOUSES!!

SEE AND HEAR THE CELEBRATED
Artists, the
Webb Sisters & Billy O'Neil.

First Night of the Tragedian
MR. T. L. CONNOR.

Tuesday Evening, May 1st, 1860,
Will be presented Bulwer's beautiful play, in Five Acts, entitled

LADY OF LYONS!

PAULINE ..... MISS EMMA WEBB.
CLAUDE MELNOTTE ..... MR. T. L. CONNOR.
MAD. DESCHAPELL ..... MISS ADA WEBB.
GLAVIS ..... BILLY O'NEIL.

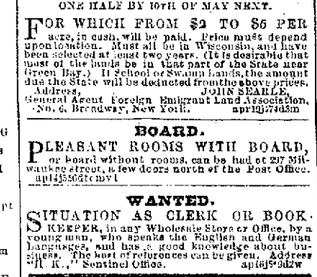
Supported by the Entire Company.

OVERTURE ..... ORCHESTRA.

The whole to conclude with the Laughable Farce of
The Maid with a Milking Pail!

Doors open at 7 o'clock; Curtain rises at ½ to 8 o'clock.
Admission—Parquet 1s and Dress Circle 50c
Upper Circle 38c
Gallery 25c

Box Office open from 10 to 1 P. M. every day.



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PINS AND BALLS FOR SALE, AND sent to any part of the country.
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ALBANY RESTAURANT
AND BILLIARD RO

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 1, 1860.

The Chicago Convention.

A fortnight from to-morrow, the Republican Party, by their representatives elect, meet in National Convention at Chicago to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States. The Convention will embrace many of the ablest men in the Republic, and its deliberations and action will be looked to with intense interest by the whole country. It is already apparent that besides the large number of Delegates composing the Convention, there will be thousands of spectators in attendance from all sections of the Union; and Chicago, with all its ample hotel accommodations, will be crowded to repletion. Indeed, at several of the leading hotels, all the rooms have been engaged for some time past, and those who apply late will find difficulty in obtaining quarters.

It would be a good idea for some enterprising man to charter the *Planet*—now lying at Chicago—during Convention week, to carry passengers from Milwaukee, Racine, Kenosha, &c., to Chicago at half fare; and feed and lodge them on board the boat, at so much per day, while the Convention continues in session. The *Planet* can comfortably accomodate several hundred people, and would no doubt be full.

Several Eastern roads we observe, are issuing excursion tickets, at low rates, good for thirty days, to parties desirous of attending the Convention, and it is said that from Maine a delegation, four hundred strong, is coming. We think that our Wisconsin Railroads would find it an object to issue similar tickets, as there are great numbers of people in this State who would avail themselves of such an opportunity to visit Chicago, and see and hear the great leaders of the Republican Party. We think, too, that it well worth our while to send invitations to the Delegates from the East and South, to pay Wisconsin a visit, after their labors are over; take a trip from Chicago to Janesville and Madison, and back to Milwaukee; or to go over to Prairie du Chien, up the Mississippi to La Crosse, and thence back to this city.—Such a trip could be comfortably made in 24 to 30 hours, and would give our visitors a very good idea of Wisconsin, her capital and commercial metropolis. We have no doubt, that, if pains are taken to press this matter upon the attention of the Delegates, editors and others, who will be at Chicago during the Convention week, a very large number of them will take a run through Wisconsin, spend a day with us in Milwaukee, and carry back to their Eastern and Southern homes, truthful impressions and agreeable reminiscences of the "Badger State," and "the fair white city of Lake Michigan."

Our "Representative Men" at Charleston.

"Sioux," one of our "representative men" at Charleston, as the *News* has it, indites a lugubrious epistle to that paper, under date of April 22d. "Sioux" does not seem to have seen much to admire on the route, except "the niggers," all of whom he certifies to be "fat, sleek and happy;" while the free negroes, according to the same authority, are "a dirty, filthy set of loafers," neither "useful, nor ornamental." Of course, "Sioux" thinks that the "peculiar institution" is just the thing for the sons of Ham.

"Our delegation," it appears, took lodgings at the Mills House, "the aristocratic head-quarters," but prices were "so high," that they speedily decided "to retire to a private house." "Sioux," being short of funds, was about to remove his quarters the day after he wrote.

The crowd at Charleston was far less than had been anticipated; the news of the proposed extortionate charges keeping thousands away. "Sioux" says:

> The facts are these: Charlestonians have been badly bored, or rather they have fooled themselves. They have fitted up places for ten times the number that will be here—the news of their exorbitant prices went out and the crowd has kept away. There are a great many people, but the crowd is nothing in comparison to what they expected and provided for. There is no necessity for these high prices. At other times, one can live here as cheap as he could in any of our northern cities.

Very likely; but it is only once in many years that the Charleston Bonifaces enjoy the opportunity of plucking Northern delegates, and they were determined to make the most of it.

There were some green spots in this Charleston desert, however, which "Sioux" was not slow to find. He thus describes them:

> The most of the New England delegates quarter on board their steamers. There are four chartered pleasure boats lying at the wharves, boarding their men in the best style. They have on board such a good band of music, and all the deliceacies of the season, in the way of eatables and drinkables, which are free to all visitors.
>
> I called on Mayor Wood's delegation last evening—they have chartered St. Andrew's Hall, and keep open house where they feed, lodge and drink in the various departments of that monumental hall.

It is safe to say that "Sioux" called often at these "free" quarters.

Towards the close of his letter, "Sioux" pitches into "the fire-eaters of the South" for opposing Douglas, and gives the following moving picture of the adherents of the "Little Giant," who, he says, will vote for their favorite as long as he is a candidate, "unless the yellow fever, or some other malignant disease, breaks out and drives them from the country":

> They are a resolute and determined set of men, who, in many instances, have left everything else dear on earth behind them, travelled thousands of miles, and exposed their health and life to this sultry climate for the purpose of elevating to the Presidential Chair the Little Giant of America. Such men have not come here to be routed or bluffed off.
>
> "We shall see what we shall see." It is clear, however, that "Sioux" finds Charleston altogether too hot for him, and does not relish the company of "Southern fire-eaters." Perhaps—we hesitatingly venture the assertion—they failed to appreciate "our representative men."

The Slave Trade Judicially "Re-opened."

Judge McGRATH, of the U. S. District Court for the District of South Carolina, has just pronounced, in the case of Capt. CORIE, of the slave yacht *Wanderer*, indicted, under our U. S. Laws, for piracy on the high seas, an opinion which excites extraordinary interest all over the country. The opinion referred to, and which appears in the shape of an elaborate decision, recognizes the practice of purchasing slaves in Africa and importing them into the United States, as no violation of the act of 1820; as not piracy in any sense. The enslaving of free negroes and their abduction from their native shores is what constitutes the crime of piracy according to the South Carolina Judge. Provided the immigrants were slaves when taken aboard, and were obtained by purchase, barter, or any other mode of traffic, the law of 1820 can take no cognizance of the proceeding. In short, no American slave trader is a pirate unless he kidnaps his cargoes in Africa. It is the native kidnapper, not the American Slave-trader, under this decision, who is alone touched by the U. S. Laws on the subject.

Under this decision, the owner, officers and crew of the *Wanderer* go free, though the fact is notorious, all over the Union, that they landed a cargo of slaves on the Carolina coast, in the face of express provisions of law, declaring the Slave Trade piracy, and making all persons engaged in it liable to condign punishment, as pirates.

This is another of those "steps forward," that the South is steadily taking, in its persistent purpose to *nationalize* the "peculiar institution." The repeal of the Missouri Compromise, the Kansas-Nebraska Act, the Dred Scott decision, and now this opinion of Judge McGRATH; each following the other in close succession, show unmistakeably the Southward drift. Nothing can stop, or turn it back, but the triumph of the Republican party in the Presidential contest next fall.

A Timely Suggestion for the "Union Savers."

—In view of the fact that the "National Democratic Convention" at Charleston have consumed an entire week in a wrangle about their "Platform"—SLAVERY being the only topic talked about—the New York *Tribune* offers the following suggestion:

> After this, perhaps the Old Gentleman's party will hold a meeting somewhere and determine that all agitation must cease, and that every question relating to slavery must be banished from our politics.

We do not know how many members the "Old Gentleman's party" can muster in this State—probably a cab load—but be they more or less, they ought to meet at once and act upon the *Tribune*'s suggestion. This perpetual "agitation" of the slavery question, by the "National Democracy," must be stopped at all hazards. They are stealing the "Black Republican" thunder.

MR. POTTER AMONG HIS NEIGHBORS.—An enthusiastic public reception was given Mr. POTTER on his arrival home. The Congregational Church at East Troy was filled to overflowing, and Mr. POTTER was called upon to address them, which he did in the most satisfactory manner. Mr. ELDERKIN of Elkhorn, addressed the meeting. The *Independent* says: "Many gray-haired men were among the throng; one, as he came forward, shook Mr. POTTER warmly by the hand and said: 'God bless you, POTTER, stand firm to the right.' The meeting was a most pleasant one, and must have been highly gratifying to Mr. POTTER.

Affairs of the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad Company.

The New York *Tribune* of Friday last gives the following details of the plan proposed by the Directors of the Milwaukee and Mississippi R. R. Company, for the adjustment of the financial difficulties under which they are laboring:

> "A meeting of the Bondholders of the Milwaukee and Mississippi Road, will be held to-morrow at the office of the Company, in Exchange place, to take into consideration a plan of re-organization. The programme of the Directors is substantially as follows:
>
> First mortgage on first section, 8 ₰ cent $600,000
> First mortgage on second section, 8 ₰ cent.... 647,000
> Mortgage to Waukesha, 10 ₰ cent..... 76,000
>
> Total $1,321,000
>
> The foregoing and accrued interest may be converted into 8 per cent. first preferred stock, or receive new sheets of coupons, at the option of the holders, running 10 or 15 years, bearing 8 per cent.
>
> First mortgage on third section, 5 ₰ cent... $1,087,000
> First mortgage on Southern Wis., 8 ₰ ct.... 216,000
>
> Total $1,303,000
>
> The holders of the foregoing are to receive 8 per cent. first preferred stock for the principal and accrued interest, and, with the holders of second mortgages, as stated below, may take the control of the road.
>
> Second mortgage, 10 ₰ cent. bonds $600,000
>
> The holders of the above are to receive second preferred 8 per cent. stock for principal and interest, and, with the first preferred stock holders will manage the road, elect directors, &c,
>
> Second Mortage on the Southern Wis. Line to the City of Milwaukee is now $600,000
> Third Mortgage on the middle line, 7 and 8 ₰ cent 995,759
>
> Total $695,759
>
> The above, with accrued interest, to be converted into Third Preferred 7 per cent. stock. A fourth class of stock, called Common stock, to be issued in discharge of all the stock now outstanding, and including Farm Mortgages unsecured indebtedness against the road. Under this organization, as authorized by a late law of the State of Wisconsin, the income of the road is to be appropriated as follows:
>
> *First*—Pay running expenses.
> *Second*—Pay interest on mortgages outstanding.
> *Third*—Pay 5 ₰ cent. on first preferred stock.
> *Fourth*—Pay 7 ₰ cent. on second preferred stock.
> *Fifth*—Pay 7 ₰ cent. on third preferred stock.
> *Sixth*—The surplus, if any, to be employed in sinking the preferred stock to three millions, or until its value has reached par in New York.
>
> *Seventh*—Whenever these conditions are reached, the surplus shall be invested in the purchase of the common stock, until the whole capital stock, both preferred and common, shall be reduced to six millions.
>
> *Eighth*—When the capital stock shall have been reduced to six millions of dollars, and the road shall have earned a dividend on that amount in any one year, equal to 7 ₰ cent., dividends shall be declared on all the stock, instead of sinking the shares.

The advantage of this plan is that it preserves the order of liens and substantially preserves the equities of all the parties in interest, and frees the Road from every embarrassment. If it can be carried out—and in the present condition of the Company, it appears to be the interest of all parties that it should be—the full capacity of the Road under the new management can be developed, and all the net income be devoted to meeting the legitimate demands upon it without partiality."

"You Shed the Blood of my Brother Twenty Years Ago, and I am here to Speak the Truth."

From the Cleveland Herald.

If the spirit of the murdered rooms without rest until the "deep damnation of his taking off," is revenged, then, indeed, can the soul of Elijah P. Lovejoy now find repose. One can fancy that from the spirit land that slain martyr looked down upon the scene in the House of Representatives on Thursday the 5th, and saw the flashing eye, and the clenched fist of his brother as he hurled defiant truth at the slavery propagandists; telling them to their teeth that he "would hold up to the retribution of public sentiment, slaveholding in all its atrocity and hideousness," and thus seeing the final triumph of free speech, that spirit laid itself down to a blissful, eternal rest.

On the fifth day of November, 1837, the Rev. Elijah P. Lovejoy—brother to Owen Lovejoy, now member of Congress from Illinois—shed his life's blood in defence of free speech, and that too in the free State of Illinois. But the blood of martyrs is the seed of the church. The blood of Lovejoy has been crying from the ground until the people of that same State have sent Owen Lovejoy to Congress, there in the face of the world, to defy slavery brutality, and tell its advocates that although that butchered brother is dead, yet he speaketh. On the floor of the House, Mr. Lovejoy called up the ghost of his murdered brother, and it frightened the minions of slavery from their propriety, as did the ghost of Banquo scare the guilty Macbeth. That was a guest not invited to the feast, and yet there he sat, while slavery propagandists raved and stormed.

> "——the times have been
> That when the brains were out the man would die,
> And there an end; but now, they rise again,
> With twenty mortal murders on their crowns,
> And push us from our stools——"

It is well to revive a few of the incidents connected with the murder of Mr. Lovejoy, if our readers would feel the full force of the bearing and the language of his brother. The Rev. Elijah P. Lovejoy was the editor of the Alton *Observer*, an anti-slavery paper, printed at Alton, Illinois, right over the river from Missouri.

The press of the *Observer* was three times destroyed by a mob, the last time in November 7th, 1837, at which time Mr. Lovejoy was killed. On the night of the 7th, a mob collected around the warehouse in which the press was—it having arrived by river the day before—and threatened violence if it was not delivered up to them. Mr. Lovejoy and a number of friends were in the warehouse and prepared to defend the press. The mob were told from the warehouse that the press would not be given up, and the mob commenced an attack.

A shot fired from the building took fatal effect upon one of the mob, named Lyman Bishop, and the mob for a time withdrew.—They, however, rallied again with an increased force, and set the warehouse on fire. Then to escape death by burning, the inmates were forced to leave, and in doing so the Rev. Mr. Lovejoy, at the door of the building, received four balls in the breast, and fell a corpse. The mob then brought out the press, and, having smashed it, threw the pieces into the river.

That is the outline of the affair. The mob was from the Missouri side, and the whole outrage perpetrated under the lead and direction of Slavery. The thrilling effect of Mr. Owen Lovejoy's remark to Mr. Clark, of Missouri, can be better seen in a full glare of the history of that Alton outrage, and hence we have looked up and revived the important facts.

The blood of Lovejoy stained the name of Alton for many years—for its municipal authorities were powerless before the demand of Slavery—and that city, to this day, has not recovered from the blow the death of that man gave her.

Supreme Court.

Saturday, April 28th.

State ex rel. Mowry vs. Bishop, Sheriff, &c. Opinion by Chief Justice Dixon. Order of Judge of 9th Circuit Court affirmed, with costs.

State ex rel. Harney vs. Hastings, Treasurer. Argued on demurrer to return, by Smith, Keyes & Gay for relator and Attorney General for resp.

Court adjourned till Friday, May 4th, Anno Domini, 1860.

AT A CONCERT recently given at the Palace of the Tuileries, Alboni was obliged to fan herself with a twisted programme, being warm and having nothing better at hand.—This the Emperor presented, and, with a gallantry refreshingly cool, took from the Princess Clotilde her fan and presented it to the prima donna. This fan annexation was considered rather a delicate thing.

Interesting Foreign Items.

THE WAY THE FRENCH EMPEROR DOES THINGS.—Two months ago, M. Louis Veuillot, ex-editor of the *Univers*, left Paris in high dudgeon, because the paper under his management had been suppressed. Having accepted an appointment as inspector of the Roman railroads, he prose ded to Rome, and en route became very much pleased with one of his traveling companions, a respectable looking gentleman, of good address, and agreeable manners, who appeared to be charmed with the idea of finding himself in company with so celebrated a person as the ex-editor of the *Univers*. At Rome they took apartments in the same lodging-house, and b came the best friends in the world. M. Veuillot was ready to return to Paris before his friend was, but so strong was the attachment he had formed for his society, he concluded to wait his friend's convenience for starting.

At Paris they stopped at the same hotel. M. Veuillot went out for a bath, and when he returned he discovered that the police had entered his apartment and carried off all his papers. In something of a rage, he called at the prefecture of the police, where he discovered that his new friend was an agent of the secret police, who had given information that M. Veuillot had brought important dispatches from the Papal government to the Nuncio in Paris. After threats to break up the embassy at the French Court, the papers were all restored to the Nuncio, together with those which belonged to the ex editor, who had violated the law of France in bringing letters clandestinely into the country.—*Boston Courier.*

THE CONFIRMATION OF PRINCE ALFRED.—The Confirmation of His Royal Highness Prince Alfred, took place on Thursday, in the private Chapel at Windsor Castle—a part of the building not generally known to the public. It is, of course, Gothic in character, but somewhat irregular in form—the end opposite the altar, for instance, being an acute angle. The walls are panelled with oak more than one-third their height, and the ceiling is covered, and lighted by an octangular lantern of stained glass, the light being admitted from an arched window on each of the sides. Carved oak canopies are suspended over the reading-desk and pulpit, which are on either side of the altar; and corresponding canopies, though smaller ones, are placed at the opposite end of the chapel. The floor is richly carpeted of a crimson color, and the communion table is covered with crimson velvet, ornamented with gold lace and gold bullion tassels. The whole effect is precisely what it should be—neither too rich nor too simple. There is an organ-gallery on one side, and two small elevated galleries, or pews, are at the end in the angle. The chairs on the floor of the chapel, used for the occasion by the Queen, the Prince, the Royal family, and her Majesty's visitors, were in keeping with the rest of the furniture of the Chapel, being of crimson and gold.

The young Prince stood alone in front of the altar, completely insolated; and though he must have been conscious that he was the observed of all in the chapel, seemed to abstract his thoughts from the scene around him to his part in the solemn rite, listening to the exhortations of the Archbishop with the deepest attention.

The Queen, the Royal Family, and distinguished visitors occupied the body of the chapel, ranged on either side; the gentlemen wearing the Windsor uniform, the ladies full morning toilette.

The QUEEN was attired in a silk high morning dress, composed of alternate broad stripes of light blue and white, the white stripe being broaded with flowers. Her Majesty wore a light coiffure of lace at the back of her head. The Princess Alice's dress was of light lavender silk, with a narrow satin stripe; the dresses of the two younger Princesses being of green silk similarly striped. The Duchess of Kent, and the Duchess of Cambridge were both attired in dark silk dresses, the Princess Mary in blue. The Prince of Wales appeared for the first time in the Windsor uniform, and Prince Alfred wore his uniform for the first time since his return from his ship.

The Bishop of Oxford was present as Bishop of the Diocese, having his duties as Lord High Almoner filled by deputy in London rather than be absent on so interesting an occasion.—*London Court Journal.*

The editor of the N. Y. *Albion*, writing from Rome, speaking of the style adopted in dressing the hair, says: "They crisp it after the style prevalent among the negro women in these days, and in use by Imperial Julius, in the time of the Emperor Titus! I am told that the mode has come hither from Paris; but I incline to believe it is imported from New York, and has some symbolic bearing upon the great question between North and South."

RECENTLY, an infant was brought to a church in London to be christened. The minister proceeded with the rite until he came to the words "Name this child," when the mother named it "Lucy," by which name it was christened. At the conclusion of the ceremony, the mother informed the minister that she had made a serious mistake. Its name should have been Elizabeth instead of Lucy, as, of her three children, she had one already named Lucy. Unfortunately, however, the name could not be altered.

DEATH OF THE ABBE HUC.—One of the most delightful, instructive and piquant of cotemporary writers has just died at Paris, after a short illness. The memory of the Abbe Huc, a French missionary in China and Thibet, who carried the Cross into the heart of Central Asia, and studied the ritual of Buddhism in the very Meccas of that strange and wide-extended faith, deserves a place in the literary Pantheon, as well as in the more sacred shrines of the church which he served with so single-hearted a devotion. He was a native of Toulouse, and had been a missionary since 1839. He died in France in his 47th year.

Machinery.

WISCONSIN IRON WORKS CO.

WE BEG TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that we are prepared to do all kinds of Foundry Work and Finishing in the best and most expeditious manner. Our stock of Patterns is large: Millwrighting of all descriptions: Flouring, Grist, Saw, Door and Sugar Mill Patterns. Our Cora and Shingle Mills are made for horse or steam power, as may be wanted. Railroad Castings in general. Road Scrapers and ten different Plows. We are Mechanics, and know our own work.

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E. P. VAN,
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P. S.—All orders addressed to the undersigned, at the old stand of A. J. Langworthy, on the Canal, nov23d30d1y

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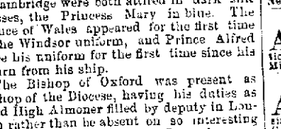

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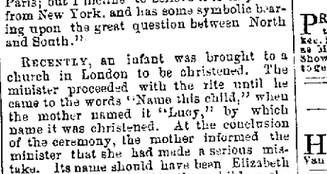

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The Oldest Establishment in the State

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MANUFACTURERS OF FLOUR, SAW and other Mill Gearing, together with Castings of all descriptions, Steam Engines of the latest improvements, Brass and Composition work.

Also manufacturers of the celebrated Haviland & Tuttle Water Wheel. It needs no better recommendation to the power given, than any other wheel manufactured. It is adapted to either high or low heads of water, runs perfectly steady, and is not affected by ice or back-water. It has given general satisfaction to all who have used it, and that, together with its durability, gives it a decided preference over all other wheels. Descriptive circulars, with reference, forwarded on application.

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THOM & TURTON. JOHN SERCOMB.

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jy18 1858d1y

Auction Sales.

AUCTION SALE

OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS in the store, No. 19 Wisconsin Street, Milwaukee, on Tuesday morning, May 1st, commencing at 10 o'clock, comprising a large lot of Crockery, Tobacco, Wooden Ware, Counter Scales, 2 Tea Kettles, 1 large Gilt Mirror, cost $55; 1 Cook Stove, nearly new; 1 Desk, &c., &c.

W. H. RODWAY, Auctioneer.

apr30 1857

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NUMBER 134 EAST WATER STREET, Milwaukee. CALEB WALL will sell all descriptions of goods at his usual price; advance on all goods, and sell at public or private sale. sep11

RECEIVER'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I shall, by virtue of an order of the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois, sell at public auction, for cash, on the 15th day of May next, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the door of the Cook County Court House, in Chicago: S E ¼, N W ¼, Sec. 11, T. 22, Range 9, Dover County, Wisconsin.

E ½ S E ¼, Sec. 13, and N W ¼, N E ¼ and E ½ N W ¼, Sec. 24, Town 17, N. R. 5, in La Crosse County, Wisconsin.

Also, Wisconsin Swamp land Certificates No. 172 and 176, N W ¼, N E ¼ of Sec. 10; S E ¼, S E ¼ Sec. 3, Town 11, N. R. 12, Columbia County.

No. 147, 148 and 149, W ½ and S E ¼, N E ¼, Sec. 11, T. 8, R. 16, Jefferson County.

No. 142, S ½ N W ¼, Sec. 32, T. 14, R. 19, Fond du Lac County.

No. 214, E ½ and S ½, being lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 in N E ¼, Sec. 16, T. 20, R. 15, Ozaukee County.

No. 208, 209 and 593, S W ¼, Sec. 4, T. 21, R. 7; and N E ¼, S E ¼, Sec. 5, T. 21, R. 7, Racine County.

No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570: W ½, N E ¼, N W ¼ and N E ¼, S W ¼, Sec. 24, T. 8, R. 22; and S E ¼, S E ¼, Sec. 13, T. 8, R. 21; and N W ¼, S W ¼ and S E ¼, S E ¼, Sec. 27, T. 9, R. 27; all in Polk County.

No. 2 and lots N ½ of N E ¼, Sec. 29, T. 23, R. 17, lots and lots N W ¼, S E ¼, and S E ¼, N W ¼, Sec. 30, T. 23, R. 16—all in Ontauamie County.

Together with other property situate in the States of Iowa and Minnesota.

Chicago, March 24th, 1860.

ALEXANDER SILLER, Receiver.

apr27 d&w2d3tnov8'

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Auction and Commission Merchants,

LAND AGENTS AND MONEY BROKERS,

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WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION to the sale of Furniture, Dry Goods, and every description of Merchandize, &c., their storeroom, or in any part of the City or County. Effects and sales on commission, and prompt returns made.

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☞ Charges reasonable. ja28 d3m

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TERMS: PER QUARTER OF THIR teen weeks, once a week, $20.00; Per quarter of thirteen weeks, once a week, $15.00. Orders may be left at Mr. Hemstreet's Music Store, or the subscriber, No. 337 Third Street, opposite the Lacrosse R. R. Depot.

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oct1 dly

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

—TO—

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THE CELEBRATED COPPER TOE!

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes,

60 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, 60.

WE OWN THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT for the sale of *MITCHELL'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES*, for and within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, and hereby give notice that all parties dealing in these goods within the above States, without having first arranged with us and by our consent, are and will be held as infringers upon our EXCLUSIVE rights, and that as soon as we are advised of any infringement, shall demand prosecution and immediate redress.

We have made extensive arrangements with the most celebrated manufacturers, whereby we can fully supply the increasing demand with the best qualities of these Tipped Boots and Shoes. Those put in Cases, each pair of which will be stamped and labeled with our name.

We shall recognize no Tipped goods within either the above States, but such are thus stamped and supplied by us.

We will warrant in all instances one pair of child's copper-tipped shoes to our wear two and oftentimes three or four pairs of equal quality without tips, as has been shown by very many testimonials, while the cost between the two is but a trifle more, making an actual saving to the consumer of near two hundred per cent.

Merchants and dealers in Boots and Shoes within the above States, can also find these Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes, supplied and properly stamped by Wadsworth & Wells, for sale at the lowest figures.

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sept22 1776dly&wly

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BOOT MAKER,

WOULD BEG LEAVE TO INFORM his numerous friends, customers and the public in general, that he has removed to the First Store North of Young's Block, on Main street, (formerly Music Store,) where he will continue to manufacture, to measure, Gentlemen's Fine Boots, and has on hand a large assortment of ready made work, surpassed in the United States, both in workmanship and material. mar31 1860dly

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WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the Ladies and Gentlemen of Milwaukee, that he has opened a Store in

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For the purpose of carrying on the Retail Boot and Shoe Business, where may be found at all times a good assortment of Ladies' Gents', Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, from the best Manufactories in the East.

Hoping, by strict personal attention to the business, to merit a share of your patronage.

I remain Yours Respectfully,
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French Boot & Shoe Maker,

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For terms, &c., apply to Rev. James DeKoven, Racine College, Racine. mar8 1859d3mo

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Hermetically Sealed Goods of all kinds

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I have completed an arrangement which will enable me to continually supply my customers with the choicest of Butter, from the best Walworth County dairies, at the lowest market price.

My stock of Woodand Willow Ware, comprising all kinds, sizes and qualities of Baskets, Buckets, Tubs, Wash Boards, Brooms, Whisks, Knives, Mats, Dusters, Toys, &c., &c., I have marked down at lower figures than the same kinds of Goods have ever been sold at in this city.

☞ You can save money by giving me a call.

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FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of East Water and Mason Streets,

HAVE THE LARGEST AND MOST complete assortment of

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THE GREAT CAMPAIGN

IS AT HAND!!

Let Every Republican Prepare for the Conflict ! !

Circulate Truth among the People ! !

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Six Months for Less than Cost of Paper and Printing!!!

READ AND BE CONVINCED!

The approaching campaign is to be a memorable one. The battle will be fought zealously between the friends and the enemies of Freedom, and the ground contested inch by inch. In view of these facts, it is apparent that the dissemination of Republican papers and documents becomes of vast and vital importance. In order to furnish the WEEKLY SENTINEL to the people of the North-West, during the Campaign of 1860, we have concluded to offer the paper, FROM THE 16TH OF MAY TO THE 15TH OF NOVEMBER, at the following unprecedented liberal terms:

One Copy for	$0 50
Twenty Copies, (to one address)	$9 00
Fifty " "	$20 00
One Hundred do " "	$35 00

These terms will barely cover the cost of paper before it is printed; but we have determined to put the price so low that every individual Republican, or organized Club, in this or adjoining States, will use their best endeavors to scatter the SENTINEL broadcast in their particular localities, and thus accomplish more than by the circulation of ten times as many documents in any other form. Every Campaign subscriber will receive the Proceedings of the National Convention, to be held in May, and full returns of the election in November.

We need not urge upon our Republican friends the importance of placing this sheet in the hands of all. Let NO VOTER, or family in the State, be without the SENTINEL during the Campaign. Whereso ever *facts* are read, and the people have access to *truth*, Republicanism prevails.

Send in your orders as early in May as possible. Address

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN.

MILWAUKEE, April 9, 1860.

REPUBLICAN PAPERS in this State, with whom we exchange, will please publish the above, or the substance of it, one or two times, and thereby lay us under additional obligation for the favor.

THE SENTINEL.

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DAILY, delivered in City, per annum		$7 00
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THE OVERSEER'S DAUGHTER.

It was the close of a lovely day in June.—The sun was sinking slowly in the West; its parting beams, tinting the fleecy clouds with every hue, from the palest gold to the deepest crimson, formed the background to a picture unsurpassed in quiet beauty by any in the sunny South.

A large white house surrounded by trees and shrubbery, and whose pillared gallery was half hidden by clustering roses, stood on an elevated table-land.

A fine grove of magnolias, from which the place took its name, grew on the right—their deep green leaves contrasting finely with the large white tulip-shaped flowers that covered them, filling the air with rich fragrance. On the left, at a short distance from the house, stood the dwelling of the overseer; and a little farther on, the whitewashed negro cabins were to be seen arranged in a row, the roof of each extending over, so as to form a sort of rude piazza, while trees planted all along afforded a delightful shade.

The cool breeze, which springs up every evening, was coquetting with the vines and dancing through the trees, and all nature seemed refreshed after the sultry day. The birds, who had been silent during the noonday heat, now poured forth a tide of melody, and the chirp of the cricket, the hum of the grasshopper, locust, and bee, mingled in that monotonous yet musical sound which, like the rustling of the leaves, falls so soothingly on the ear it hardly seems to break the silence.

But, beautiful as was the scene, it failed to attract the attention of the only two persons who were to be seen on the gallery.

One, a tall and stately lady, who paced restlessly up and down, pausing now and then to lean against a pillar and gaze, not admirably, but impatiently, at the setting sun; then looking anxiously down the road which, bordered with trees, swept off to the right.

She was a woman past the prime of life, but her form was stately and elegant as in her palmiest days; her raven hair was only here and there streaked with silver, and her black, flashing eyes had lost nothing of their youthful fire. Her features were regular, and it was evident that she had been in her youth surpassingly beautiful.

She was even now a superb and queenly-looking woman, though her beauty was marred by the cold and haughty expression which lurked around her exquisitely formed mouth, and flashed from her deep, piercing eyes.

Just behind her stood a slight mulatto boy, whose tasteful dress betokened him a favorite servant. He, too, was looking fixedly down on the road, glancing occasionally at his mistress, whose agitation seemed to increase every moment. At last he spoke:

"Ki, missus! Young mass done come now. Ki! don't he make the dust fly!"

"Thank heaven, he is safe," ejaculated Mrs. Maitland, as she turned and walked slowly into the parlor. "Tell Betsy to bring in the supper," she added, as she threw herself languidly into an easy-chair.

The boy vanished, but returned in season to take the reins which the young man, who had come up to the door at headlong speed, flung to him as he sprang from his spirted horse.

"Old miss done look for you this lass hour, Mass Waldo," said the boy in a low tone.

"She got impatient, then, did she?" said the young man laughing. "Imagined all sorts of horrors which might have befallen, hey? Well, Byron," he continued, stepping briskly forward, "come and brush some of this dust off me." And the boy, giving up the horse to another servant, followed his master to his room.

In a few minutes Waldo entered the parlor, where sat his mother by an open window. She did not, apparently, notice his entrance, and when he drew near and, raising her hand, pressed it to his lips, she did not even turn toward him, but merely saying:

"Ah, Waldo! good evening!" relapsed again into silence.

One who had seen her restless impatience for his coming would have been surprised at his cool reception; but he did not appear to think it anything unusual.

"Good evening, sweet mother," he replied, throwing himself at full length in an attitude of careless grace on an ottoman near her.

She said nothing more—nothing of the anxiety she had felt from the unusual length of his evening ride—asked him no questions, but sat quietly there, looking at the stars which one by blossomed on the heavenly field. Yet, though her eyes were fixed on the heavens, her thoughts were on the earth alone; her heart filled with but one vision—her idolized son.

He well knew this, and, though her manner was always studiously cold, he knew that he was the idol on which her whole affections, hopes and ambition centered.

Left a penniless orphan while yet a mere child, she had only learned the heartlessness of the world by bitter experience, and, naturally of a proud and sensitive temperament, she had repaid the many real or fancied slights that she received with defiant hatred.

She had been placed at a boarding-school by relatives, who deemed their duty discharged in giving her an education, and for the gift, grudgingly bestowed as it was, she felt no gratitude.

At school she was beloved by none, for her haughty and repulsive manners were not calculated to gain friends; and when, soon after leaving school, she was addressed by a gentleman of wealth and station, she married him, not for love, but for home and a position. She respected him, and in time might have loved him, had not his death soon occurred, leaving her a wealthy widow with an infant, her Waldo.

On this child all the repressed affection of her passionate nature was lavished. For him she had lived alone. His welfare and happiness had been her only aim; and he, in return, loved her with no common love.

If she was proud of his manly beauty, of his talents and accomplishments, he in turn admired her graceful dignity, her cold, proud loveliness, and her polished ease of manner. Her imperious will bent to his alone, and he thus grew to manhood with his faults unchecked, feeling that his inclinations and whims, however unreasonable, must be gratified. His was naturally a nobler nature, but it had been allowed to run wild and the sturdy weeds of selfishness had overgrown and nearly choked out the better and more delicate plants in his hearts's garden.

But who could think of this when gazing on the fine manly form, the broad white brow, shaded by thick clustering brown curls, the classical features and sparkling dark eyes of Waldo Maitland?

What wonder, if even strangers, dazzled by his graceful manners, saw none of his faults, that his mother was blind to them?

She still sat silent, lost in a day-dream of which he was the hero, when Waldo at length recalled her from her reverie. "Mother, dear, sing me a song?" She rose at once, and, going to a piano near, played several pieces with fine expression, then suddenly broke forth into song.

Her voice, liquid and clear, rang out in the stillness, and Waldo was entranced. He lay with a smile just parting his lips, his cheek resting on his hand, and his eyes fixed on his mother with all a lover's fondness.

"Mother," he said, after a pause, "you sing like an angel! I have never heard but one person sing like you."

"And who is that?" asked Mrs. Maitland, turning from the piano. "Is it Blanche Seymour! and did you ride over to the Anchorage to see her, that you were so long away this evening?"

"No, mother," he replied; "I did not go to see Miss Blanche. She sing like an angel! No, indeed. It was Zoe Lyman that I referred to, and I went riding with her this evening."

"Zoe Lyman!" exclaimed his mother, a dark cloud gathering on her brow; "and pray who is she?"

"Is it possible that you don't know?" returned her son coolly. "Well, she is the daughter of Mrs. Maitland's overseer, and lives in yonder white house that you see peeping through the trees," he said pointing out of the window.

"And is it possible that Waldo Maitland can so far forget himself as to pay attentions to such a girl?" asked his mother haughtily.

"Such a girl!" returned Waldo: "She is as far superior to simpering Blanche Seymour as an angel to a mortal, and, for that matter, far superior to me, in goodness at least. I love her, mother, and she loves me!"

Mrs. Maitland turned pale.

Can it be, Waldo,"—she said, in a faltering voice, "that you would win the affections of an innocent girl so far below you in rank that a marriage would be impossible, just to while away the time that hangs heavily on your hands, leaving her to a broken heart and bitter repentance? And what but bitter results can arise from this mad and foolish attachment? Oh, my son, I had hoped better things of you!"

"Mother!" impetuously exclaimed Waldo, "you are the only one who could with impunity hint at dishonor connected with my name or Zoe's. You mistake altogether, I intend to marry her, and that very soon!"

"Waldo, you are not, you cannot be serious!" ejaculated Mrs. Maitland.

"But I am, mother; and directly after supper I am going to see her."

"Waldo!" repeated Mrs. Maitland, "tell me at once that you are only jesting—a cruel jest," she added, faintly.

"No, mother, I am serious; Zoe Lyman, and no other woman, shall be my wife, and mistress of Magnolia. That is my fixed determination."

"And mine," replied his mother, hissing her words through her shut teeth, "is this—if you marry Zoe Lyman, henceforth you are no child of mine; I am a mistress of Magnolia, thanks to your father's foresight—the property is mine, and I can and will disinherit you. Think of this; for so sure as you do what you have threatened, so surely will I perform my solemn vow. A mother's curse shall follow you! I will never forgive you!"

"Never is a long day," said Waldo, carelessly, rising from the ottoman where he had been lying; "I am going to Mr. Lyman's to supper, and hope you will be in better humor when I re urn."

So saying, he walked rapidly from the apartment, and in another moment his mother saw his tall figure as he passed toward the house of the overseer.

She watched him till he reached the dwelling, and even saw the white waving garments of Zoe, who sprang to meet him.

She could bear it no longer. She sank heavily into a chair, and pressed her hand to her throbbing brow.

"Anything but this I could have borne," was her inward cry. "My son! my son!" she murmured, and low moans of agony escaped her lips.

She thought of him in his cradle, and all she had hoped of him—his boyhood, with its brilliant promise; and now, that he must blast it all by a marriage with a daughter of that class so universally despised, or barely tolerated, at the South, was more than she could endure. It would have been bitter enough to have seen her place usurped in her son's heart by any one, but to yield it to Zoe Lyman cut her to the quick.

"She, to come between my son and me!" she ejaculated fiercely. "I will *never* forgive her—*never!* never! She shall find all her ambitious plans thwarted." She went on half aloud: "Thank heaven, I have the power, and will use it. Not only shall she fail to become the mistress of Magnolia, but her father shall be discharged at once. Vipers that they are! and yet he loves her. She will triumph in that. She has robbed me of my son—my stay and comfort in my declining years."

Tears rushed to the proud woman's eyes, but she did not relent. Her purpose was fixed, and the tears that she shed only caused her to feel a deeper hatred to her who had changed her from a happy mother to a childless and deserted woman.

"But they shall not see my grief," was her resolve. "They shall not exult in any change in my appearance. No one shall insult me with pity, and I will tear him from my heart."

But as she resolved to do it, a flood of agonizing emotions rushed over her; and forgetting her anger, the mother triumphed.—It was but for a moment. A servant entered to announce supper, and, though it was her first impulse to order it away untasted, she remembered her determination, and, rising, went to the table as if nothing had happened. Supper over, she went to her room, where she paced the room with rapid steps, cursing, in the bitterness of her grief, Zoe and her father, but not her poor misguided son.

Meanwhile Zoe, all unconscious of the storm in Mrs. Maitland's breast, sat with Waldo on the vine-shaded porch.

She was a delicate girl of seventeen, who had been all her life at school, and who knew nothing of the usages of conventionalities of society. She was very beautiful, and of a style rarely seen at the South. Her slender and graceful figure, large timid blue eyes, and long, fair silken hair, which she arranged simply yet fantastically, added to regular features and a pure and delicate complexion—almost too colorless, had not every motion brought the rich blood to her cheek—had at first sight made an impression on Waldo's heart, which her simple manners, sweet disposition, and guileless nature had deepened into ardent love. He had spared no pains to win her affections, and she loved him with all the depth and ardor of a young girl's first love. The only thought that marred her perfect happiness was the vague fear that his mother did not like her—a fear which Waldo had laughed to scorn. But now he admitted to her that his mother had wished him to marry some one else, and that, therefore, she did not like Zoe; but he persuaded her that when once married, all would be well, and urged a speedy union. Zoe hesitated.

"Oh, Waldo!" she whispered, "*not* without your mother's consent. We are both young. Let us wait for that."

Waldo's only reply was a burst of reproaches. He declared that she did not love him, or that if she did she would trust him. And when she burst into tears, he suddenly changed his tone to one of tenderness, and finally wrung from her a reluctant consent to be married the next day.

And married they were; the poor bride with a vague foreboding of coming evil at her heart, and the groom vainly trying to forget his mother's words, and endeavoring to think that all would yet be well. In fact, he did believe that, when once his mother found that it was all irreparably done, she would forgive her only and idolized son, and that, once acquainted with Zoe, her many excellences would gain her a place in his mother's heart.

The discharge of Mr. Lyman shook his faith a little; but he looked upon it as the first outburst of her indignation, and waited, hoping for some signs of relenting. None came.

His letters were returned unopened. His wardrobe was indeed sent to him, together with his favorite servant, Byron, but aside from this came no message, no word from his mother.

At first he heeded this little, engrossed as he was in his young bride; but soon came the old longing to see his mother.

"Let me but see her once," he said to Zoe, "and all will be well."

So, dressing himself with unusual care, he took his wife, and with her entered the parlor at the old homestead, now doubly dear to him. How everything reminded him of that last night when he and his mother had sat there together—that mother whom he so fondly loved. It could not be that she would not relent. No! She must, like him, feel that yearning tenderness that was urging him continually to seek her.

He summoned a servant, and bade her tell his mother that he wished to see her.

The woman seized his hand and shook it warmly, exclaiming, again and again, "Oh, Marss Waldo! I'se mighty glad to see ye, honey; but I don't dare tell Missus so. She's mighty strict, and won't let nobody say nothin' about ye. 'Never delude to him,' says she, and I don't dars to, Marss Waldo."

[TO BE CONCLUDED.]

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WE HAVE ON HAND FOUR DOZEN of different varieties of Diaries for 1860, which we will sell lower than first cost. Those not supplied would do well to call soon.

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ONE HUNDRED OPERATIC MELODIES for the Flute. Price Seventy-five cents.

H. N. HEMPST

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

CHARLESTON CONVENTION.

Balance of Saturday Night's Proceedings.

CHARLESTON, April 28—9 P. M

Mr Jackson, of Georgia, asked a suspension of the rules to enable him to offer a resolution.

The proposition was received with shouts of opposition, indicating a bitterness of feeling unprecedented.

The previous question was then ordered by acclamation.

Another motion was made to adjourn and lost—ayes 138, nays 109.

Mr. Lawrence, of Louisiana, enquired whether a motion to adjourn sine die would be in order.

The President decided it not in order at that time.

Mr. Seward, of Georgia, moved a reconsideration of the vote ordering the previous question.

Mr. Cochrane, of New York, contended that the motion was out of order, and contradictory to parliamentary law.

The President decided the motion out of order.

Mr. Jackson, of Georgia, moved to lay all the resolutions and platforms on the table.

Mr. Stansbury, of Delaware, moved that the convention adjourn.

Mr. Stuart, of Michigan, contended that no business had transpired since the previous motion to adjourn, and the motion was out of order.

Mr. Jackson renewed his motion to lay the whole subject on the table; lost—ayes 25 nays 222.

Mr. Gittings, of Md., moved an adjournment, amidst noise and confusion that would have drowned the noise of a 24 pounder.—Lost—ayes, 126, nays 178.

Mr. Gittings then moved a recess for one hour.

Mr. Jackson moved to re-commit all the reports again. Both motions were ruled out of order.

Mr. Lawrence, of La , moved a call of the roll. Ruled out of order.

Mr. Lawrence appealed from the decision of the Chair, but finally withdrew it. A scene of disorder ensued that was almost deafening.

Mr. Butler, of Mass , said his side was willing to adjourn as soon as the main question was adopted.

Mr. Eigler, of Penn., endeavored to make a proposition, but was called to order.

The President said that if this contest and uproar continued, he would feel bound in duty to himself and the Convention to leave the Chair, as it was physically impossible for him to take part in such a struggle and clamor.

Mr. Hunter, of La., hoped his friends would submit to ordering the main question.

Mr. Owens, of Fla., as a Southern man, hoped this contest would cease. Northern gentlemen have fairly met us in argument, and why should we refuse to meet the issue manfully.

The President put the question, shall the main question be now put.

A motion was again made to adjourn.—(Cries of no, no!)

Captain Rynders contended that it was an agreement to adjourn, and that it must be done. He would not consent to take advantage of the minority, as that would be cheating the gentlemen.

Another scene of great confusion. A hundred voices were addressing the chair at the same time, all shouting at the top of their voices.

Mr Stuart, of Mich., said the majority would consent to adjourn, if he was allowed to make a motion to reconsider and lay the motion on the table.

The motion to adjourn was put and carried, and at 10 o'clock P. M., the Convention adjourned till ten o'clock Monday morning.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, April 30—3 P. M.

HOUSE —The House went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union.

Mr. Moore, of Alabama opposed the tariff bill.

A Republican seized upon the payment of the public debt, which was comparatively small, as a pretext to increase the duties wherever free trade had been tried. The result has proved the wisdom of that policy.—We should not abandon the advantage gained in that direction.

Mr. Alley made a Republican speech.

Mr. Wade justified his endorsement of the Helper book, remarking, it was an infamous lie for Northern Democrats to say that the Republicans want to overthrow Southern institutions.

Mr Curtiss remarked, that he understood the Convention had just made a platform with two planks—the Cincinnati Platform with the Dred Scott decision. After some further conversation, adjourned.

SENATE.—Sundry memorials and petitions were presented.

On motion of Mr. Latham the report of the Judiciary Committee on the petition of Geo L. Barnard in regard to the estate of David C. Broderick, was committed.

Mr. Doolittle moved to take up the bill for the relief of Anson Dodge.

Mr. Lane said that as there was such a small attendance, he was opposed to doing business.

Mr. Johnson, of Ark., moved that when the Senate adjourned it be till Wednesday next—carried.

On motion of Mr. Green, the Senate adjourned to Wednesday.

Arrival of the North Briton.

FARTHER POINT, April 30—3 P. M.

The steamer North Briton, from Liverpool 18th via Queenstown, has arrived off this point on her way to Quebec.

The news is one day later than by the Vanderbilt

The fight continued to attract great attention. The referee's decision in relation to the future had not been announced. The London Times says the supporters of both men were satisfied that a drawn battle had been decided. The same journal has a qualified eulogy on the fight. It is thought Sayers was confident of victory in ten minutes more, and that Heenan's friends requested the referee to stop the fight.

The steamer Milo, from New York for London had put into Darmouth, short of coal, and with the loss of rigging, &c.

LIVERPOOL, April 29.—Breadstuffs buoyant. Corn 6c higher. Provisions quiet.—Produce quiet and unchanged. Consols closed at 94 3-4 a 94 7-8 for money and account.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—

A very cool, calculating and thoroughly informed friend of Mr Hunter, who has just returned to this city after a week's sojourn at Charleston, says that things are as well known here, or at New York, as at Charleston. Nevertheless, he antagonizes the idea expressed by a remarkably careful southern democratic Senator, that a third of the Southern delegation will not support Douglas.—Twenty is the extent of his allowance, and that number is included a large support from the Tennessee delegation. He also says that Guthrie cannot unite the south—a fact that has reason on its side, since such men as Hunter, Davis, Johnson and Breckinridge can hardly favor a nomination that must indefinitely postpone their chances.

The committee on Territories in the House are considering the subject of a new Territory, to be composed of the upper portions of Dacotah and Nebraska, to be called Chippewa. In that event the same committee will report in favor of organizing Dacotah out of the southern portion of the territory of that name and a part of Nebraska. Should Congress establish the northern overland wagon road, it will pass directly through the centre of the proposed new territory of Chippewa.

Col. Forney on the Presidency.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30—3 P. M.

A leader in Forney's Press to-day, after reviewing the proceedings of the Charleston Convention and the attempts to injure Douglas, declares its purpose to support no other Charleston nominee who is taken from the candidates now prominently before the Convention.

Destructive Fire.

NEW YORK, April 30—3 P. M.

Advices by the North Star state that a fire occurred on the 19th inst., in the Valley of Trinidad, extending along the Valley to the distance of 18 miles, and sweeping down all standing cane and sugar. Loss estimated at a million and a half of dollars. It is estimated that it will reduce the production of sugar on the Island over 8,000 hhds.

SUMMONS.

CIRCUIT COURT, COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE.—John Cord, against George Southwell, jr., Caroline Southwell his wife, Joseph Cord, Mary J. Cord, his wife, Joseph Cord, Isaac Hoge, Wm. Williams & Wife, Andrew N. Dickson, Thomas Wright, Thomas Routledge, William Harper, Robert Harper, Marcus Shepherd, E. H. Storrs, Richard S. Griffith, Stephen A. Harrison, and E. W. Wife.

The State of Wisconsin, to the above named Defendant, Thomas Wright

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, of the County of Milwaukee, at the City of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and to serve a copy of your Answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the said City of Milwaukee, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness the Honorable Arthur McArthur, Judge of the Circuit Court for said County of Milwaukee, at Milwaukee this 19th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty.

Attest, MATTHEW KERNAN, Clerk.
By JAMES MITCHELL, Dep. Clerk.

A. C. FRAZER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

ap21d5w

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

The Charleston Convention.

CHARLESTON, May 1—9 P. M.

The Convention met at 10 A. M.

After prayer, the President addressed the Convention, apologizing for the harsh language used by him on Saturday. He, however, considered it his duty to speak plainly and positively.

The President announced that the first business in order was taking a vote on the main question, which was on the substitute offered.

Mr. Butler, in behalf of Massachusetts, Minnesota, Indiana and New Jersey, presented the Cincinnati platform, with a resolution for the protection of citizens of foreign birth.

A vote being taken, the Butler platform was rejected by a vote of nearly two-thirds against it. Ayes 105, nays 198.

When New Jersey was called, a delegate stated that the Convention appointing them as delegates, had recommended them to vote as a unit.

The President decided that the word recommended was equivalent to an instruction.

The decision of the chair was appealed from.

A motion to lay the appeal on the table was lost; ayes 150, nays 146.

The question then occurred on sustaining the appeal. A vote by States was demanded, and resulted in ayes 145, thus reversing the decision.

This result is a gain of two votes in New Jersey, and Georgia will also claim its right to vote by districts.

The next vote will be on the adoption of the minority report, when Alabama, Arkansas and Mississippi in a body, and a portion of Louisiana and other States present their protest, and withdraw from the Convention.

After nearly an hour spent in discussing points of order and various explanatory movements to prevent the reaching of the main question, Mr. Butler moved to lay the whole subject on the table, and proceed to vote for President. (Cries of "agreed—no, no," &c.)

Mr. Winthrop of Ala , contended that the motion of Mr. Butler was out of order, and that a vote on the Platform must now be taken.

Mr. Clark, of Miss., was unwilling to reach a result by subterfuge that we cannot reach by plain dealing.

Mr. Gittings, of Md., attempted to address the Chair, but was called to order.

Mr. Butler withdrew his motion to lay on the table and proceed to balloting.

The President was about stating the question when a voice cried out—"Mr. President, I make a mistake; I did not second that man's motion, don't there."

Mr. Gitting's rose to demand an explanation. He would like to know who it was who spoke so disrespectfully to him. He claimed to be a delegate from Md.

Mr. Hooper rose; he did not intend anything disrespectful to the gentleman, but his name was Tom Hooper, of Alabama.

Mr. Gitting's said if no insult was intended, the gentleman will call at my room and take a drink.

The question was then taken on adopting the minority report, as a substitute for the majority report, and it was adopted—ayes 165, nays 128.

Mr. Flourney asked permission to make a personal explanation, declaring himself for Douglas and unwilling to obey the instruction to leave the Convention in case the majority report was adopted.

The question then recurred on the adoption of the majority platform, Mr. Ashe, of N. C., stated that if these minority resolutions are adopted, he would be compelled to abandon the Convention and disconnect himself from the Democratic party. (Cheers from South.)

Mr Salsbury, of Delaware, contended that the preamble to the minority resolutions contraverts the Cincinnati Platform. (Cries of order, and the gentleman talking at the top of his voice, until drowned in the uproar.)

Mr. Butler demanded that the question be first taken on the first part of the resolution affirming the Cincinnati platform separately, and it was adopted—ayes 223, nays 70.

When Mississippi was called, Mr. Glenn arose and voted no, declaring that Mississippi believed the Cincinnati platform as explained at the North and South an unqualified swindle. His voice was drowned in cries of order.

The last half hour up to one o'clock was spent in discussing the right of the Georgia delegation to a vote by Districts, the President having repeated his decision that the word "requesting" is equivalent to instruction.

Additional by the North Briton.

FARTHER POINT, April 30—9 P. M.

MADRID, 18TH.—General Ortega was shot this morning.

The Daily News' city article of Wednesday evening says, in accordance with the anticipation expressed yesterday, the whole of the million and a half of notes which were lately withdrawn from the Bank of England and locked up by discount firms, were this day restored to that establishment.

The funds were favorably affected by the easier appearance of the market, and in the afternoon a stimulus was given by the announcement of the restoration of the missing mass of currency to its accustomed resting place, coupled with a report that a considerable amount of gold had been sent into the Bank of England, and an advance of 1-4 per cent was finally established.

The supply of money to-day was most liberal—the best short paper was discounted at 4 3-4 a 5 per cent., but in other cases 5 per cent. and upwards must still be quoted at the bank, and the demand was moderate. The improvement was in the exchange, it having caused a cessation of the demand for gold for the Continent. £95,000 of the 129,000 by the Suffolk, was this day sent to the Bank. Any further supply will probably be similarly dealt with.

The amount of specie engaged for the East by the steamer Ceylon, which will sail on Friday, is as much as £62,537 in gold and the residue in silver.

NAPLES,—The ministers of England and France had demanded interviews with the King, but no day has been fixed for their reception

The Post's Paris correspondence states that the Sicilian insurrection is more serious than the telegraphic accounts would have led persons to suppose.

CHARLESTON, 19th.—M. Laeti arrived yesterday and was present at a banquet in the evening by the Governor. A toast was drank to the Emperor of France.

M. Laeity appeared at the balcony of the Governor's, and read a despatch announcing that the Emperor and Empress would visit Savoy in May or June next. Several houses were illuminated.

Later from California.

ST. JOSEPH, April 30—9 P. M.

The Pony Express due here on Friday the 27th inst., did not arrive until this noon, owing to the time of leaving the other side being changed. The Express left San Francisco on the 20th inst., coming through in less than ten days.

By this arrival we have San Francisco advices to April 20th, and Carson City to the 21st.

The Express brought 285 letters, 5 private telegraphs, and a large summary of news.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 20th.—The steamer John L. Stevens sailed for Panama this morning, with $182,783 in Treasure.

Trade, the past ten days, has continued very dull, with few fluctuations in prices

The first Pony Express, with telegraphic dates from the Atlantic cities to April 3rd, reached the telegraph station in Carson Valley 2,30 P. M. April 12, whence the news was telegraphed to San Francisco and published the same evening in extras, being only nine days from ocean to ocean. The feat created unbounded enthusiasm.

He encountered serious obstacles crossing the mountains from Carson Valley to Placerville, snow having accumulated four feet deep in a narrow lane which had been opened and this was entirely occupied for mules by pack trains on their way from California to the Washoe mines.

The express rider was compelled to dismount and break a path around each mule, thus causing several hours delay. He reached Placerville on the 10th and Sacramento at 5:30 p. m, the same day; thence proceeded to San Francisco by steamer, arriving in the forenoon of the 14th.

Spontaneous celebrations took place at every town through which the Pony Express passed.

At Placerville guns were fired, speeches made, music by all the bands, waving of flags, and general hurrahs. At Sacramento the Legislature adjourned in honor of the event, the streets were draped with banners, the ladies thronged the balcouies, and thousands blocked the sidewalks along the streets thro' which the pony was expected to pass. As he came galloping along, followed by a wild cavalcade of men who had gone out on the plains to meet him, the city echoed with the ringing of bells, booming of cannon, and the long continued shouts of the multitude.

The demonstration was equally enthusiastic or more imposing than when the express reached San Francisco. The city was lit up by numerous bon-fires, and a torch light procession was formed. The military companies were out, and the pony was escorted from the steamer to the heart of the city amidst a blaze of fire works. Altogether this was the most joyous demonstration ever witnessed in California, evincing a hearty appreciation of the enterprise so gloriously consummated.

The Oregon Republican State Convention would meet on the 14th inst., to nominate a candidate for Congress.

COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

MONDAY, P. M., April 30, 1860.

Exchange continues steady at ¼ premium, the supply being fully equal to the demand. Money for other than good sound business paper is scarce, as it has been all through the season, but for legitimate business purposes there is now no lack of currency.

We have the following by telegraph from New York to-day:

MONEY—Easier on call at 4@6 ₱ cent; short first-class paper 5¾@6.

STERLING EXCHANGE—109¾.

STOCKS—C & R I 65; G & C 82½; I C scrip 80; Pan 145; M S 12; N Y C 79½; G & C 1st bonds 98¾; M C 4s 93¾; freeland bonds 15; M S sinking fund 76¾; M C 8 ₱ cent 86¾; Tenn 6's 91½; Cal 7 a 90.

Second Board dull but leave off rather stronger; C & R I 65; C & T 25¾; Panama 114; M C 45; Reading 45; Erie 16; Hudson 41¾; Pac Mail 140½; Harlem 2d 50¾; Mo 6s 85¾.

The Chicago *Press & Tribune* of this morning, says:

The demand for exchange is light, and to quote the response of some of the bankers, it is decidedly "dull." If it keeps up to present rates, 1¼, it is all that can be expected of it. Bankers, when approaching the close of the month, do not like to lower the rates till the large payments of the first and fourth of the next month are over. Some of our heaviest bankers, anticipating a decline, are about out of the article, and of course is matters little to them when it declines.

Gold 12¾@12 ₱ cent premium, with no demand.

In Cincinnati and St. Louis we observe no change since last quotations. Exchange is scarce in both cities. Money in Cincinnati is comparatively easy, while it is close in St Louis.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT—The statement of the New York Banks for the week ending Saturday, shows the following changes:

Decrease in loans	$1,863,261
Increase in specie	46,495
Decrease in circulation	41,511
Decrease in deposits	571,761

COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY P. M., April 30, 1860.

The great excitement in the wheat market on Saturday, was followed by a reactive movement, which developed itself to-day, in a decline of ¾@4c. This exceeds the decline at New York about as much as the advance here on Saturday exceeded that at New York —indicating the excitable tendency of our market just at present. The closing transactions on 'Change to-day were at $1,31 for No. 1 in store, and 1,13 on board. The market value of other qualities may be estimated from this basis. The sales amount to about 150,000 bus. Receipts, it will be seen, are steadily on the increase. Nothing done in flour. Some lots could have been bought at a slight decline, but buyers seemed to have had their confidence considerably shaken by the sudden change in the market.

No essential change in prices of other articles. Oats may be quoted a shade firmer.

Freights drooping, shippers offering but 3½c for wheat to Buffalo.

CHICAGO MARKET, APRIL 28TH.—Receipts of the articles named, at Chicago, Saturday, were as follows:

Flour, bbls	5,320
Wheat, bus	11,925
Corn, bus	61,935
Oats, bus	4,370
Barley, bus	884
Rye, bus	500

The *Press & Tribune* says:

The *Vanderbilt* was telegraphed this morning with Liverpool dates to the 15th inst., reporting Flour 6@9d better, and wheat advanced 1@2d; both quiet provisions dull. Under this intelligence the corn market opened heavy, and before Change quite a panic took place, during which No 1 corn sank 3@4d. This ruled 5@6d below the point which figure several rounds lots changed hands. Later and less favorable intelligence however, from Buffalo caused another reaction, and prices rallied to 52c, a decline of from 1@2c from yesterday's ruling rates, about 160,000 bus changed hands at 52@56c for No. 2 and 46c for rejected, all in store. The steamer's news had a favorable effect on the wheat market, which advanced 1c under an active shipping enquiry. About 40,000 bus were sold at $1,15 for No. 1 spring, $1,12@1,14 for No. 2 spring; and $1,04 for rejected. Flour was in good demand, for shipment and speculation, and sales to a fair extent at 10c—about 1,000 bbls having been sold at $5,20@5,50, for good to choice spring extras. Oats were in good request, buyers and sellers were apart—buyers freely offering 28@29c in store. Barley was in very active and in good demand, with sales at 65@72c. Highwines firm at 18½@19c. Provisions quiet. Hides steady.

There was a good inquiry for vessels to-day, and rates advanced 2@3c, closing firm. Only three vessels were engaged at 6c for corn to Oswego 3½c to Buffalo, and 7c for wheat to Kingston.

ST. LOUIS MARKET, APRIL 28TH.—Receipts: By river —976 bags barley, 6,337 bags corn, 583 bbls flour, 2,714 bags oats, 4,022 bags wheat, 67 bags rye. By railroad—66 bags barley, 765 do corn, 21 bbls 221 sks flour, 103 bags wheat. The *Democrat* thus reports the market:

FLOUR—Holders of city firm, but the market is inactive, and in consequence there is very little doing. Sales 1,000 bbls city super, last evening, at $5,20 at the mill; 200 bbls country super to-day at $5,20; and 600 do at $5,20 @ $5; also 100 bags city at $2,20.

CORN—Is rather more plentiful and very firm. Sales include 950 bags spring at $1 18@1 16; 1,200 bags club at $1 17@1 15; 514 bags fair fall at $1 03@1 07; 300 bags fair and choice do at $1 06@1 08, and 800 bags prime at $1 09.

OATS—Receipts moderate, and with a good demand for good to choice shipping lots, prices ranged very full, while the lower grades, though held firm, are inactive. Sales to-day comprise 2,000 bags damaged at 41c; about 1,200 bags good to prime mixed at 58@55c; about 1,000 bags choice yellow at 55@56c; 1,500 bags yellow and white at 54@c and 56c; 2,500 bags good to choice mixed white at 56@57c, and 1,000 bags choice white in lots, at 58c; 173 bags extra choice at 60½c; and 350 bags do at 59c, delivered.

OATS—The market is improving. Sales to-day include 250 bags at 42c; about 3,000 bags at 44@45c; 750 bags private, and about 300 bags at 45@47c, in new gunnies.

BARLEY—57 bags light spring were sold at 55c, bags returned.

PROVISIONS—Market generally quiet, and business limited. Sales reported to-day include 650 bbls mess pork in lots at $17,50 and pork loose—buyers and sellers there at 17½c; 20 casks clear sides at 10½c; 4 casks country do at 10¾c. In lard nothing transpired.

TORONTO MARKET, APRIL 28TH.—(From the *Globe*.)—The wheat market in the early part of yesterday was less excited, and although quotations were o nperceptibly lower, the feeling was hardly as buoyant. In a few cases $1,00@1,02 was paid for prime white, but principal sales while very little wheat fit for shipping was bought below $1,05. The average price for the day was 1,09 per bushel, and the receipts were about 1,000 bushels. Spring wheat was in active request at $1,10@1,12 per bushel. Barley 60@64c. Rye 70@ 75c. Oats are not so plentiful and are firm at 30c by the car load and 37½c by farmers' teams. Peas in fair supply at 60@62c. Corn unfrequently $25 per ton. Fresh butter 18@20c. Tub very depressed at 12c to 12c for the best Flour buoyant with a good speculative inquiry, stimulated by the favorable news per telegraph, quotations, which are a shade better, are as follows:—Superfine $4,85@5,00; fancy $4,40@5,40; extra 5,00@ 5; double extra $6,25@6,50.

CINCINNATI MARKET APRIL 27TH.—The *Gazette* of Saturday morning says:

The *Africa* arrived at New York to-day, with Liverpool dates to the 14th inst., bringing advices of an advance in wheat, flour and corn. This caused an active export and speculative demand in New York, and wheat was advanced 10c @ 11c per bbl on flour, 3c @ 3½c on wheat, and 4@5c @ bus on corn. This news, which was unexpected, was of course favorably received on 'Change. It encouraged dealers who have felt discouraged for a long time, and operations took the place of gloomy forebodings. There was no advance in prices however. Our currency is too high relatively for exporters looking in the direction of New York or Europe to purhold, and no one seemed in a hurry to operate upon the strength of the news; but holders were firm, and at the close higher prices were asked, generally, for flour. Wheat firm at $1,38@1,40 for prime white, and $1,35@1,35 for do red. Spring continued dull at $1,18 @1,21. Ear corn advanced 2c, closing at 46@47c; shelled firm at 45c in bulk. Oats 34c. Provisions were dull, and the only sales heard of were 270 bbls mess pork (city) at $17,25, and 80 bbls bulk shoulders at 9½c packed. Whiskey advanced 1½c, closing at 18c, Linseed oil declined to 64c. Nothing new in the Grocery market.

MILWAUKEE DAILY MARKET.

MONDAY, April 30—7 P. M.

FLOUR—Receipts 950 bbls. No sales. Market drooping.

WHEAT—Receipts 25,518 bus. Market 3@4c lower. Sales 1,500 bus No. 1 in store at $1,11, and 3,000 bus f. o. b. (closing sales) at $1,13; 4,400 bus do in store at $1,12; 1,200 bus do at $1,12½; 5,000 bus do f. o. b. at $1,12½; 350 bus do delivered at $1,12½; 450 bus do delivered at $1,13; 100 bus by sample, delivered at $1, 12; 1,000 bus milling, by sample, at $1,16; 250 bus do at $1,17; 450 bus do (early) at $1,18.

OATS—Receipts 511 bus. Sales 400 bus delivered at 32½c.

CORN—Receipts 266 bus. Sales 350 bus delivered at 52c.

BARLEY—Receipts 836 bus. Sales 90 bus No. 1 at 70c. The market for this article is dull and the price lower.

RYE—We note a sale of 100 bus at 50c.

GRASS SEED—Very scarce and firm at $3,00 for best Timothy.

HIDES—Green 6¾@7c; green salted 7@7½c; dry salted 12@13c; dry flint 13@14c.

SPIRITS—Highwines 20½c; whiskey 19@17c.

BUTTER—Firkin 8@9c; roll 12@13c.

EGGS—Sales 14 bbls at 9c.

POTATOES—St@40c for common to good qualities.

RAILROAD RECEIPTS.

RECEIVED BY MIL. & MINN. R. R.—April 30.—681 bbls flour, 7,956 bus wheat, 31 bus barley, 2 bbls eggs, 136 bus oats, 145 bus rye, 608 lbs butter, 656 lbs rags, 2,810 lbs sundries, 17 hides, 27 bus potatoes, 1 pelt, 5 dressed hogs, 14 head cattle.

RECEIVED BY MIL. & MISS. R. R.—April 30—299 bbls flour, 48 bbls eggs, 6,050 bus wheat, 215 bus barley, 266 bus corn, 4,940 lbs sundries, 470 lbs butter, 120 lbs lard, 405 bus oats, 550 lbs rags, 1,700 lbs tallow, 156 hides, 5 hogs.

RECEIVED BY MIL. WAT. & B. V. R. R.—April 30—8,316 bus wheat, 92 bus barley, 46 hides, 5 bbls eggs, 955 lbs butter.

RECEIVED BY MIL. & HOR. R. R.—April 30.—1,716 bus wheat, 510 lbs sundries.

NEW YORK MARKET

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, April 30—8 P. M.

FLOUR—Dull and 5@10c lower, shippers are not operating to any material extent, while the home trade refuse to purchase more than sufficient to supply prssing wants; there is some little speculative demand at the decline. Sales 9,500 bbls at 5,05@5,45 for superfine state; 5,50@5,60 for extra state; 5,40@5,45 for superfine western; 5,60@6 for common to medium extra western; 6,15@6,25 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; market closing dull and heavy. Canadian flour in fair active demand, and prices rule 5 cents higher. Sales 600 bbls at 5,10@5,40 for common to choice extra. Rye flour in moderate demand. Sales at 3,50@4,70 for common to choice superfine. Corn meal quiet and unchanged; sales 100 bbls at 3,15.

WHEAT—Dull and heavy and 1@2c lower, shippers refuse to buy to any material extent; sales 10,500 bush white Mich delivered at 1,47@; 1,000 bush white California on p. t.

RYE—Steady; sales 1,500 bush at 85 del.

BARLEY—Dull and lower. Sales 700 bush Lake Shore at 70.

CORN—Without striking change, the export demand is limited; Sales at 70@80c for mixed western; 84@85c for white southern; 80@82c for yellow southern and Jersey.

OATS—Plenty and dull; 43@44c for western and Canadian; 41@45c for State.

WHISKEY—Unchanged.

PORK—Heavy and lower. Sales 450 bbls at 17,75@ 17,87 for new mess; 17,50 for old mess; 17,25@17,43 for thin mess; 14,25 for rumps; 14,14 for new prime; 12,87 for old prime.

BEEF—Dull and unchanged. Sales 30 bbls at 4@4,50 for country mess; 5,75@6,00 for mess; 7,75@8,50 for repacked mess; 11@11,25 for extra mess. Prime mess beef dull and unchanged; 12@13 Beef hams quiet; sales 150 bbls at 24,00@26,00 for western and 12,50@14,00 for State.

CUT MEATS—Steady for shoulders and quiet for hams; Sales 114 pkgs at 9@9¾c for hams; 7¾ for shoulders.

BACON—Quiet for want of stock.

LARD—Steady and in fair demand. Sales 300 bbls at 10¾@11¾c.

BUTTER—Dull; 10@15 Ohio; 10@20 State.

CHEESE—Steady; 10@12¾c for inferior to prime.

ARRIVALS OF MERCHANDIZE.

Propeller Barkeye, Northern Transportation Company, O. J. Hale Agent, Mil. & Mus. R. R. Dock:

FOR THE CITY.—L T Chase & Co, 4 bales duck; A P Foster, 1 case sugar; H S S, 10 bbls camphene; 5 sacks oil 100 kegs lead 5 bbls putty; G D Norris, 25 bbls molasses; A H Blanchard, 1 bx goods 50 bxs fruit 1 case liquorice 3 bxs raisins; M C Cook & Co, 50 boxes fruit; with train on the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, and at La Crosse with Steamboats for St. Paul and intermediate points.

EDWIN H. GOODRICH, Manager

Milwaukee, Ap 30th, 1860 ap30

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO R. R.

1860. 1860.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Great United States Mail and Express Route.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE to the EAST, SOUTH and SOUTH-WEST, and the only line running Sleeping Cars connections.—Baggage checked through to principal points.

On and after Monday, Apr 30th, 1860,

Trains will leave Depot, corner of Florida and Barclay sts., as follows:

At 7:30 A. M., mixed train, for Rac ne, Racine Junction and Kenosha

At 10:15 A. M. Express Passenger Train, arriving at Chicago 6:40 P. M., and making close connections with Evening Trains East, South and South-West.

Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M. and 9:00 P. M., for Milwaukee and the North-West.

The 9:00 P. M. train makes close connections with Rail Road Train on the R. & M. R. R. at Racine Junction for Beloit, Freeport, Dubuque, &c., arriving in Freeport at 3:30 P. M. The 10:15 A. M. train also connects with mixed train on the R. & M. Railroad for Freeport, &c.

Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, 93 Wisconsin street, or at the Depot.

JOHN T. MOODY, Master Transportation.

Milwaukee April 30, 1860. ap30

1860.

Buffalo, New York & Erie R. R.

FREIGHT ARRANGEMENTS.

WE HAVE RECEIVED THE APPOINTMENT of Agents for this Company, and are prepared to make contracts for Transportation of Property to and from

NEW YORK BOSTON,

AND PRINCIPAL EASTERN CITIES.

Shippers will find it to their advantage to call on us before making contract.

Through Bill of Lading given for eastward bound freight, at low rates.

THOMAS, STARKWEATHER & CO.,
General Forwarding and Commission Agents,
Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

feb2d30t mo

WEST TO EAST.

TIME TABLE

VIA

THE DIRECT ROUTE.

MILWAUKEE LEAVE 4.00 P. M.; VIA
D. & M. R. R.
Detroit, (connect at 5 P. M.
Buffalo, " " 10 A. M.
New York, " " 4 P. M.
Boston " " 4 P. M.

Be sure and obtain Through Tickets via Buffalo & Lake Huron Railway.

☞ The above Tables is reliable.
☞ Fares same as other Routes.

A. FELT, General Agent.
ERIE St. Depot, Buffalo.

R. S. CARTER, Director and Manager.
feb4-30tmay1

The Great Secret at Last Discovered

JUNIUS JUDSON,

PATENTEE AND MANUFACTURER OF
JUDSON'S PATENT
GOVERNOR VALVES,
FOR REGULATING THE
MOTION OF STEAM ENGINES,

WARRANTED THE MOST PERFECT

Governor of Steam Power in the world, and like all really good inventions, the most simple. Many of the first Engineers & Firms, at Rochester, N. Y., Seneca Buildings, and U. S. Depot.

☞ Shop Right for sale.

CAUTION TO INFRINGERS.

Patent issued in the United States, Nov. 5th, 1859. Reissued, Jan. 4th, 1859. Second Patent, March 4th, 1851. Patented also in Great Britain and France, March 4th, 1851.

This improvement consists in making regulating valves to open with a rapid motion from a state of openness to one of fullness or width of the opening made in the valve—or by accelerating the opening made in the valve—or by accelerating the opening made in the ordinary valve as the valve moves, thereby increasing the width of opening, with accelerated valve motion. By patent Valve and Governor are so arranged as to regulate the speed of the Saloon's motion, (or regard of the engine,) by power to open the valve just the exact amount of superatmospheric steam required for the exact amount of speed; and from the aperture, by the addition of equal amounts of resistance, notwithstanding that the action of the governors counteracts by increasing its effects.

Therefore reverse the action of valves combined with governors, as heretofore, and you have all the essential principles governed by many different mechanical devices, (apparently not similar, but really the same) each with any improvement by which the engineers have sought to overcome the public. I therefore caution and request all persons interested, to examine carefully all said improvements, and if they find infringers have alleged improvements or thirtieth or principle, first distinctly and applied by me, is not involved in their agreements, and thereby prevent, afraid upon purchaser and invenor of both of which are at present unsettled. Their patronage will be thankfully received.

H. H. BRIGHTMAN, Agent, Milwaukee.

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SAVE YOUR SIGHT!

H. W. ANGER,

PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES TO the Public, that he has imported from RATHENOW, in GERMANY, and now offers for sale, a large assortment of

PERSPECTIVE EYE GLASSES

AND SPECTACLES

of the finest purified flint, which show the clearest and truest vision of objects; these glasses permit the ray of light to pass completely through them without any color or refraction, and therefore they will not only assist a defective sight, but will preserve and even strengthen the sight, which very often, by other glasses is impaired.

☞ SPECTACLES are celebrated for the superior quality of their metallic frames, as well as their handsome outline; the nature of the glasses, as mentioned above, and which GERMANY has for which reason they are received at the World's Fairs, both Paris and London, the first premiums, (viz: Gold Medals,) having the best opportunities of procuring. Many years ing the best opportunities of procuring. Many years in the business, and a thorough knowledge of optics, enable me to select such glasses for the purpose required, to give entire satisfaction.

☞ Call and examine my stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

Depot, the brick house on Division St., between Mason and Main.

H. W. ANGER, the only Agent in the U. S. of the Rathenow Optic Ind. Institute.

Milwaukee, March, 1860. mar10d182m

2570] [Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Charles Aitter, against
Jeremiah B. Bell and Mary Ann his wife, Edwin Bartlett, Mary E. Bartlett, George W. Bartlett, Jr., Bartlett & Hathaway, Charles O. Bellon, Joseph Lathrop, Henry Cowdery, Sold, George E. Smith, James C. Smith, Francis E. Cornwall, Jeremiah B. Bell, Liberty Bennett & Fitzhugh, Cleary Considine, Nathan Fargules, William H. Lindemann, William Lucas, Horace H. Hough, Jr., Isaac E. Goodrich, the State Bank of Wisconsin, the Juneau Bank, Albert Bielfeld, the Bank of Milwaukee, John Carbiste, Castille & Co., Joseph Hehr, Christian Fraser, D. McDonald, E. P. Fenton, D. E. Bowen, Jr., Charles Hoffmeister, Johannes Bierer, Frank'in J. Hazard and Edmund Ruggles, Defendants.

Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action dated February 14th, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Post Office in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 26th day of June, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, lying and being in the City and County of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The south half of lot number Six (6), in Block number Eighty-three (83), in the first Ward of the City of Milwaukee.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, February 23, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY, Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

HOOKER & SPANGENBERG, Plff's Attys.

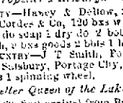
feb23d56w

1860.

NEW AND FAVORITE

Express Passenger & Freight Line

Milwaukee to Suspension Bridge in 24 hours!



LOW RATES AND QUICK TIME,

BY THE

Detroit and Milwaukee Railway,

In connection with the

NEW AND POWERFUL UPPER CABIN STEAMSHIPS "DETROIT" AND "MILWAUKEE."

THESE STEAMSHIPS WILL LEAVE the Dock (foot of Milwaukee street) MILWAUKEE, daily, (except Sundays) at 5 A. M. and 3 P. M., for Grand Haven and Detroit, connecting with Express Trains for Detroit, Suspension Bridge, Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, Rochester, New York, Boston, &c., &c.

Parcels left at any of the offices will be promptly forwarded at very low rates.

☞ Passengers by this line will save time and money by *not shipping by Express Companies*. Office in Milwaukee, Newhall House, corner of Wisconsin street. G. SCHNEIDER, Receiver. J. H. WHITMAN, Gen. Travelling Agent. THOS. FORBES, City Ag't. Office—Dock foot of Milwaukee street.

Office—Dock foot of Milwaukee street.

W. M. GRAHAM, Agent.
W. H. NEWMAN, Pass. Agents.
WM. BREENS. W. K. MUIR, Gen. Sup't.

D. & M. R. Offices, April 1, 1860. apr

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN

AND

BARABOO VALLEY R.R,

OPEN TO SUN PRAIRIE.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 9th, and until further notice, Passeng